

Colorado Basin Outlook Report June 1, 2008



Basin Outlook Reports and Federal - State - Private Cooperative Snow Surveys

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How forecasts are made

Most of the annual streamflow in the western United States originates as snowfall that has accumulated in the mountains during the winter and early spring. As the snowpack accumulates, hydrologists estimate the runoff that will occur when it melts. Measurements of snow water equivalent at selected manual snow courses and automated SNOTEL sites, along with precipitation, antecedent streamflow, and indices of the El Niño / Southern Oscillation are used in computerized statistical and simulation models to prepare runoff forecasts. These forecasts are coordinated between hydrologists in the Natural Resources Conservation Service and the National Weather Service. Unless otherwise specified, all forecasts are for flows that would occur naturally without any upstream influences.

Forecasts of any kind, of course, are not perfect. Streamflow forecast uncertainty arises from three primary sources: (1) uncertain knowledge of future weather conditions, (2) uncertainty in the forecasting procedure, and (3) errors in the data. The forecast, therefore, must be interpreted not as a single value but rather as a range of values with specific probabilities of occurrence. The middle of the range is expressed by the 50% exceedance probability forecast, for which there is a 50% chance that the actual flow will be above, and a 50% chance that the actual flow will be below, this value. To describe the expected range around this 50% value, four other forecasts are provided, two smaller values (90% and 70% exceedance probability) and two larger values (30%, and 10% exceedance probability). For example, there is a 90% chance that the actual flow will be more than the 90% exceedance probability forecast. The others can be interpreted similarly.

The wider the spread among these values, the more uncertain the forecast. As the season progresses, forecasts become more accurate, primarily because a greater portion of the future weather conditions become known; this is reflected by a narrowing of the range around the 50% exceedance probability forecast. Users should take this uncertainty into consideration when making operational decisions by selecting forecasts corresponding to the level of risk they are willing to assume about the amount of water to be expected. If users anticipate receiving a lesser supply of water, or if they wish to increase their chances of having an adequate supply of water for their operations, they may want to base their decisions on the 90% or 70% exceedance probability forecasts, or something in between. On the other hand, if users are concerned about receiving too much water (for example, threat of flooding), they may want to base their decisions on the 30% or 10% exceedance probability forecasts, or something in between. Regardless of the forecast value users choose for operations, they should be prepared to deal with either more or less water. (Users should remember that even if the 90% exceedance probability forecast is used, there is still a 10% chance of receiving less than this amount.) By using the exceedance probability information, users can easily determine the chances of receiving more or less water.

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COLORADO

WATER SUPPLY OUTLOOK REPORT

JUNE 2008

Summary

Colorado's weather during May continued the pattern from the previous two months, bringing the best moisture to the northern basins, while continuing to leave southern Colorado dry. As a result, snowmelt across southern Colorado continued unabated, while the snowpack across the northern basins lingered on. In general, the outlook for water availability is excellent across most of the state. The mid-winter storms across southern Colorado, coupled with the late winter storms across northern Colorado, will leave most basins in excellent shape for above average spring and summer runoff. In addition, the excess runoff will be utilized to improve reservoir storage across the state.

Snowpack

A warm and dry spring across southern Colorado has allowed the snowmelt to progress quickly, leaving the June 1 snowpack percentages at below average and the lowest of the season in the Rio Grande and the combined San Juan, Animas, Dolores, and San Miguel basins. Sharp declines in snowpack percentages were also measured in the Yampa and White basins during May, leaving these basins below average as well. The Rio Grande basin suffered the greatest decline in snowpack percent of average during May, dipping to only 86% of average on June 1. This basin has now seen four consecutive months of decreasing percents of average as the statistics have declined each month since peaking out for the season at 173% of average on February 1. Meanwhile, cooler temperatures along with periodic storms have allowed snowpack percentages to increase this month in the Colorado, Gunnison, and North and South Platte basins. Statewide, snowpack percentages dipped slightly this month and are now at 111% of average. This year's snowpack on June 1 far surpasses that of a year ago as the winter of 2008 is vastly improved over that of 2007, which suffered a dry spring and early melt. The 2008 statewide snowpack is 279% of that measured last year on June 1. This year's snowpack is nearly four to six times that of last year's in the Gunnison, Colorado, and Yampa basins.

Precipitation

Once again during May precipitation favored northern Colorado, leaving southern Colorado quite dry. Basinwide precipitation, measured at SNOTEL sites, range from a high of 116% of average in the Colorado and Gunnison basins, to only 86% of average in the Rio Grande Basin. The dry May across southern Colorado has contributed to three consecutive months of below average precipitation in the Arkansas, Rio Grande, and combined San Juan, Animas, Dolores, and San Miguel basins. In addition, the South Platte basin has now linked three consecutive months of below average precipitation as well, yet these totals remain only slightly below the average mark. Statewide, precipitation during May was 104% of average. Water year totals (since October 1, 2007) remain above average in all basins except the South Platte at 98% of average. The highest water year percentages are recorded in the Colorado and Gunnison basins. Both of these basins have avoided any prolonged dry spells during the water year.

Reservoir Storage

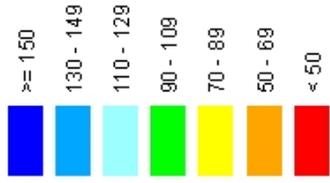
Reservoir volumes across Colorado have improved in recent months, but have failed to keep pace with the average increases in storage volumes. As a result, storage percentages have decreased slightly in most basins. This is primarily due to water managers maintaining storage space for anticipated inflows later this spring and summer. Currently, statewide reservoir storage is 92% of average; down from the 98% of average recorded back on April 1. The current storage volumes are only 83% of last year's storage on June 1. As snowmelt proceeds during the next couple of months, storage volumes are expected to fully recover and most of the state should enter the late summer demand season in excellent shape. Currently, only the Yampa and the combined San Juan, Animas, Dolores, and San Miguel basins are reporting above average volumes. Meanwhile, the lowest volumes, in terms of percent of average, are reported in the Arkansas Basin at only 80% of average. Given the state's current storage volumes, the addition of another 610,000 acre feet would bring storage back to above average by August 1. This seems easily attainable given this year's anticipated runoff.

Streamflow

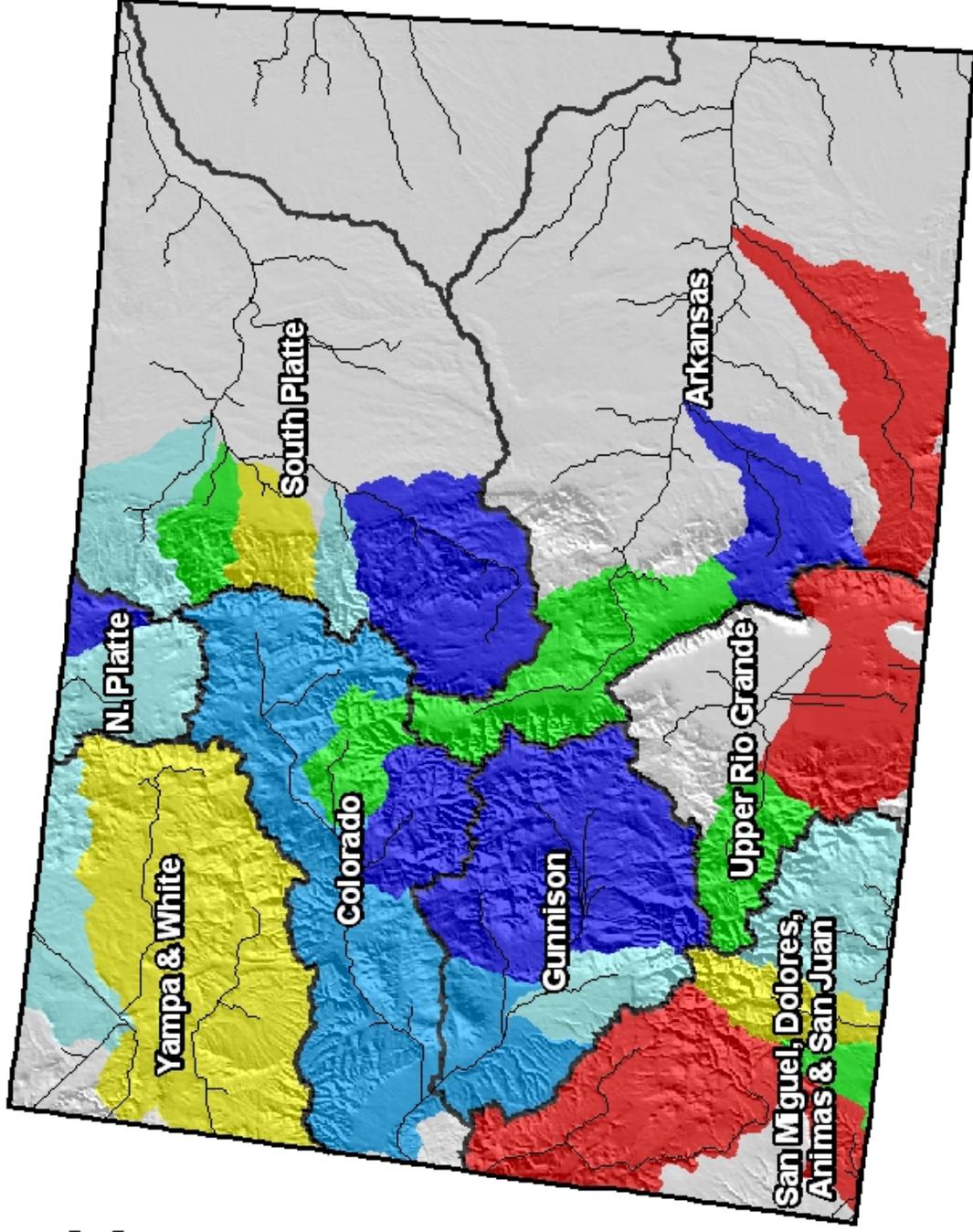
Runoff forecasts have maintained above average volumes across most of the state despite spotty precipitation during May. The highest volumes are expected to occur throughout the Gunnison Basin along with the Arkansas headwaters. Flows in this region are expected to range from 140% to 160% of average. Elsewhere, throughout portions of the Yampa, Colorado, San Juan, and Rio Grande basins, forecasts range from 110% to 140% of average. With the dryer conditions prevailing across southern Colorado during recent months, forecasted volumes in many basins have steadily declined leaving only slightly above average flows forecast in the Animas, Dolores, and San Miguel basins, and streams originating from the southern Sangre de Cristo Mountains. Across the South Platte and lower Arkansas basins spring precipitation has been disappointing. This has helped to lower expectations for runoff especially in those lower elevation basins which heavily rely on spring moisture to produce favorable runoff. The lowest forecasts in the state occur in these basins and some have now dipped to as low as 70% to 80% of average.

Colorado Snowpack Map

Percent of Average



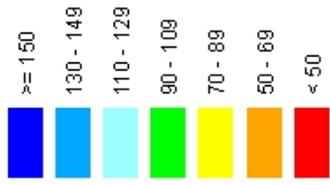
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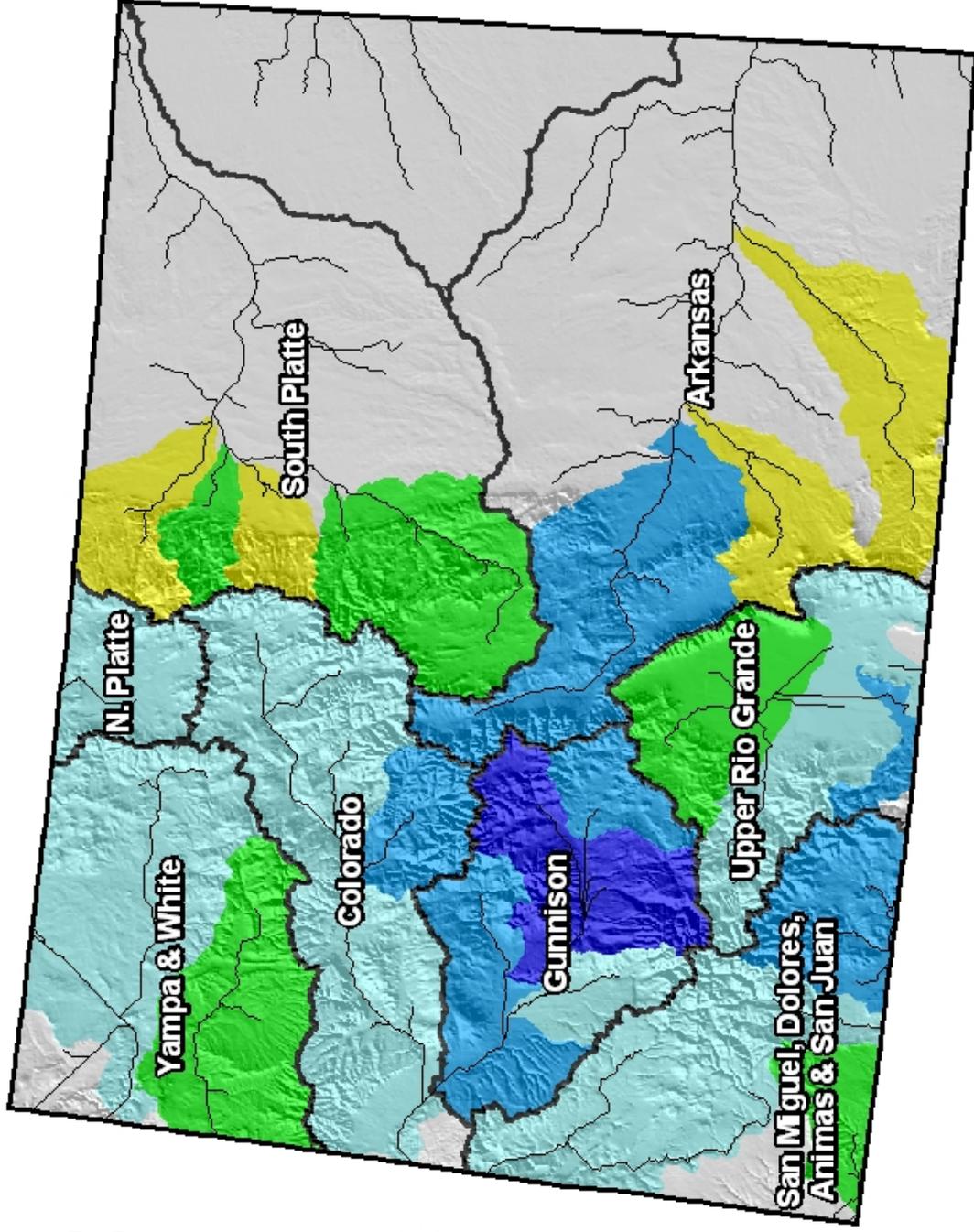
Current as of June 1, 2008

Colorado Streamflow Forecast Map

Percent of Average



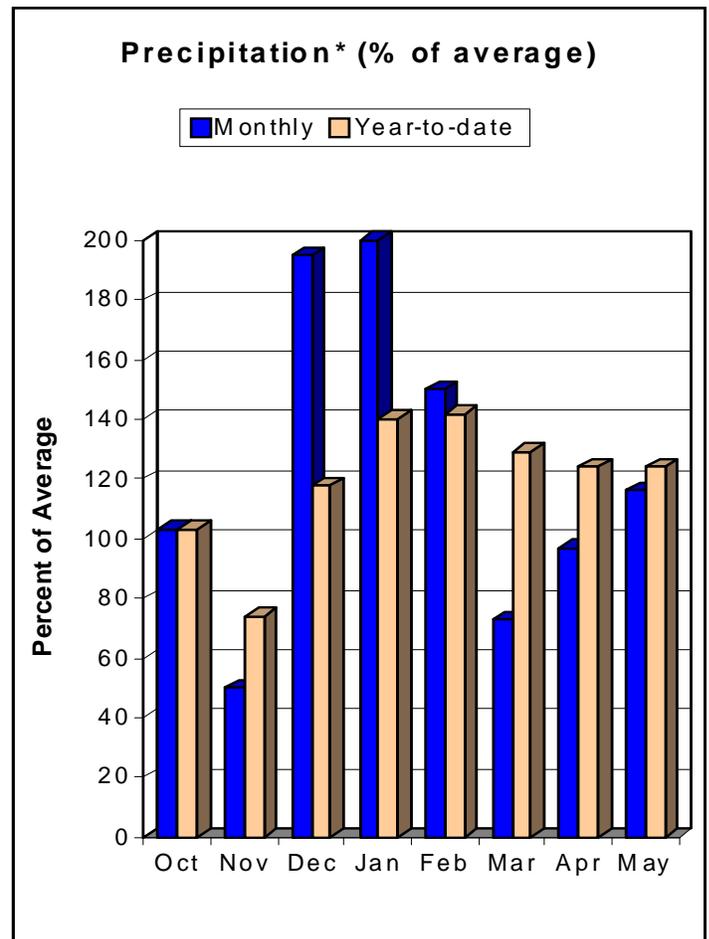
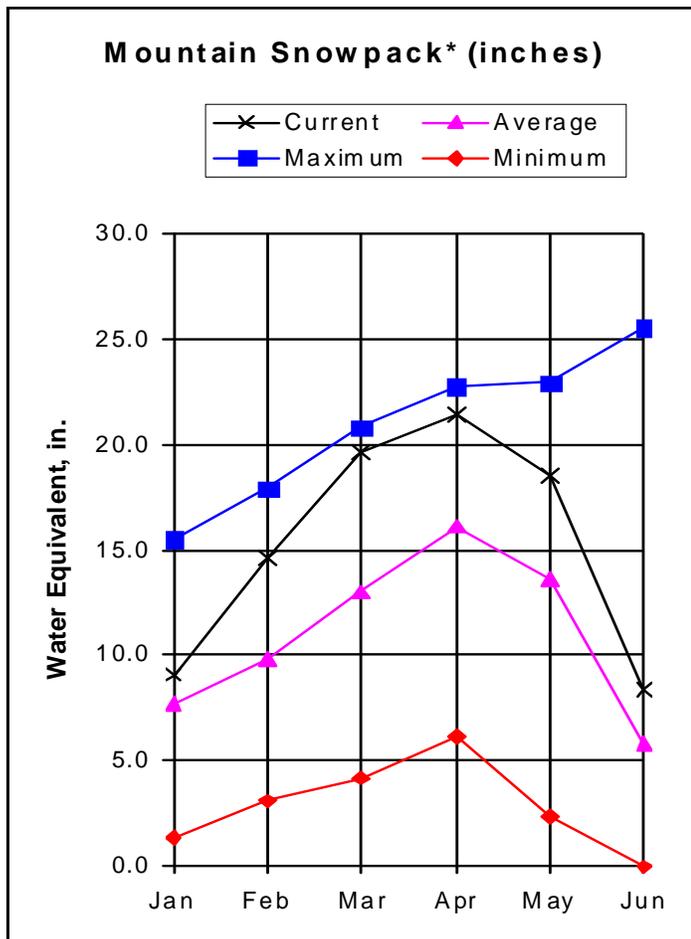
*Provisional Data
Subject to Revision*



Current as of June 1, 2008

GUNNISON RIVER BASIN

as of June 1, 2008



*Based on selected stations

Snowmelt in the Gunnison River Basin was somewhat tempered during the first half of May by small storm events passing through the area, but melt rates kicked into high gear during the latter half of the month. Overall, according to SNOTEL data, the basin lost nearly half of this year's peak snow water content during May. Despite that, June 1 snow surveys show that the basin snowpacks are still above normal at 145 percent of average. Compared to last year, this year's June 1 snowpacks are holding more than 5.5 times the amount of snow water available a year ago. Sub-basin snowpacks are all above to well above average. The Surface Creek Watershed reported the highest snowpack percentage, at 151 percent of average, while the Uncompahgre reported the lowest with a respectable 128 percent of average figure. Mountain precipitation during May was above normal, at 116 percent of average, breaking a two-month streak of below average precipitation. Total precipitation for the basin, beginning October 1, 2007, remains above normal at 124 percent of average. Incidentally, in terms of percentages, this is the highest basin precipitation total in the state. Reservoir storage levels are slightly below normal at 92 percent of average, and down about 25 percent below where they were a year ago. June-July runoff is expected to be above to much above normal. Streamflows during the next two months are forecast to range from 113 percent of average for Cochetopa Creek below Rock Creek near Parlin to 175 percent of average for the Gunnison River near Gunnison.

GUNNISON RIVER BASIN
Streamflow Forecasts - June 1, 2008

Forecast Point	Forecast Period	<----- Drier ----- Future Conditions ----- Wetter ----->						30-Yr Avg. (1000AF)				
		90%		70%		50%			30%		10%	
		(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(% AVG.)	(1000AF)	(1000AF)		(1000AF)	(1000AF)		
Taylor Park blw Taylor Park Res (2)	APR-JUL	135	147	155	151	164	177	103				
	JUN-JUL	91	103	111	163	120	133	68				
Slate River nr Crested Butte	APR-JUL	115	121	126	142	131	139	89				
	JUN-JUL	68	75	80	174	85	93	46				
East River at Almont	APR-JUL	270	290	300	156	315	335	192				
	JUN-JUL	171	191	205	174	220	240	118				
Gunnison River nr Gunnison (2)	APR-JUL	535	580	615	158	650	705	390				
	JUN-JUL	340	385	420	175	455	510	240				
Tomichi Creek at Sargents	APR-JUL	37	40	43	134	46	51	32				
	JUN-JUL	14.3	18.1	21	134	24	29	15.7				
Cochetopa Creek blw Rock Ck nr Parli	APR-JUL	15.3	17.3	18.9	109	21	24	17.3				
	JUN-JUL	5.4	7.4	9.0	113	10.8	14.0	8.0				
Tomichi Creek at Gunnison	APR-JUL	95	106	115	142	125	141	81				
	JUN-JUL	34	45	54	126	64	80	43				
Lake Fork at Gateview	APR-JUL	150	162	170	135	178	192	126				
	JUN-JUL	102	114	122	139	130	144	88				
Blue Mesa Reservoir Inflow (2)	APR-JUL	970	1060	1120	156	1180	1300	720				
	JUN-JUL	545	630	695	164	760	870	425				
Paonia Reservoir Inflow	MAR-JUN	123	130	136	136	143	153	100				
	JUNE	23	30	36	133	43	53	27				
	APR-JUL	123	133	140	137	148	163	102				
	JUN-JUL	27	37	44	133	52	67	33				
North Fork Gunnison R nr Somerset (2)	APR-JUL	385	410	430	141	450	485	305				
	JUN-JUL	155	181	200	154	220	255	130				
Surface Creek at Cedaredge	APR-JUL	20	22	23	135	24	27	17.1				
	JUN-JUL	8.0	9.7	11.0	133	12.4	14.6	8.3				
Ridgway Reservoir Inflow	APR-JUL	107	118	126	124	135	149	102				
	JUN-JUL	68	79	87	126	96	110	69				
Uncompahgre River at Colona (2)	APR-JUL	144	161	175	126	190	215	139				
	JUN-JUL	84	101	115	131	130	153	88				
Gunnison River nr Grand Junction (2)	APR-JUL	2040	2200	2300	147	2400	2560	1560				
	JUN-JUL	955	1110	1210	154	1310	1470	785				

GUNNISON RIVER BASIN Reservoir Storage (1000 AF) - End of May					GUNNISON RIVER BASIN Watershed Snowpack Analysis - June 1, 2008			
Reservoir	Usable Capacity	*** Usable Storage ***			Watershed	Number of Data Sites	This Year as % of	
		This Year	Last Year	Avg			Last Yr	Average
BLUE MESA	830.0	471.7	664.4	517.1	UPPER GUNNISON BASIN	9	2288	150
CRAWFORD	14.0	14.1	6.1	12.6	SURFACE CREEK BASIN	2	6440	151
FRUITGROWERS	4.4	4.5	4.4	4.0	UNCOMPAHGRE BASIN	3	139	128
FRUITLAND	9.2	9.0	7.7	6.3	TOTAL GUNNISON RIVER BASIN	12	559	145
MORROW POINT	121.0	105.9	113.2	113.8				
PAONIA	15.4	9.3	15.4	15.7				
RIDGWAY	83.0	57.0	75.4	61.2				
TAYLOR PARK	106.0	70.4	98.2	71.8				

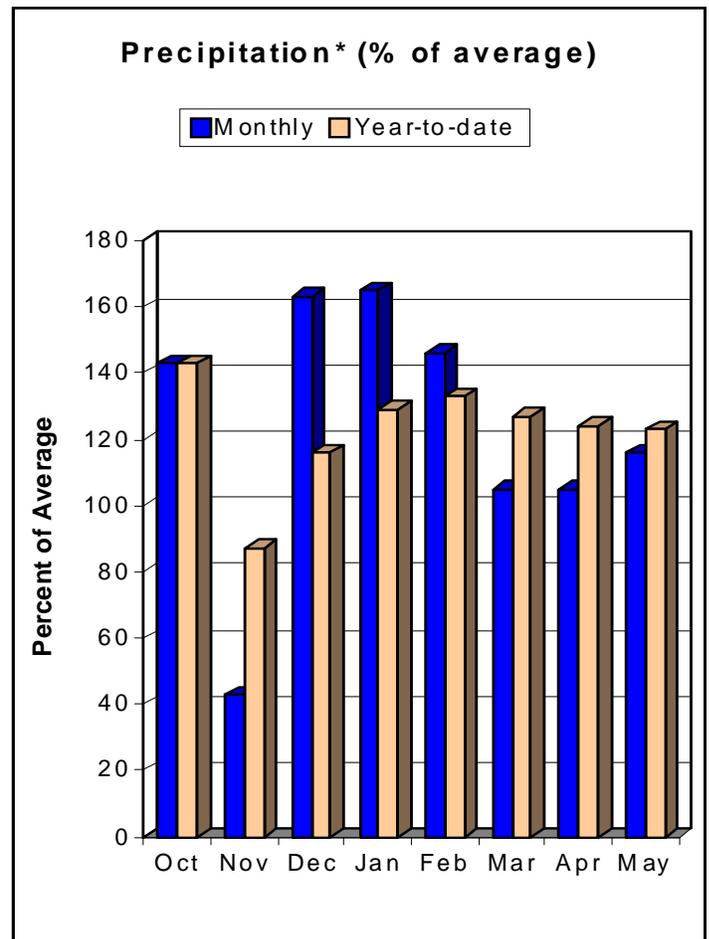
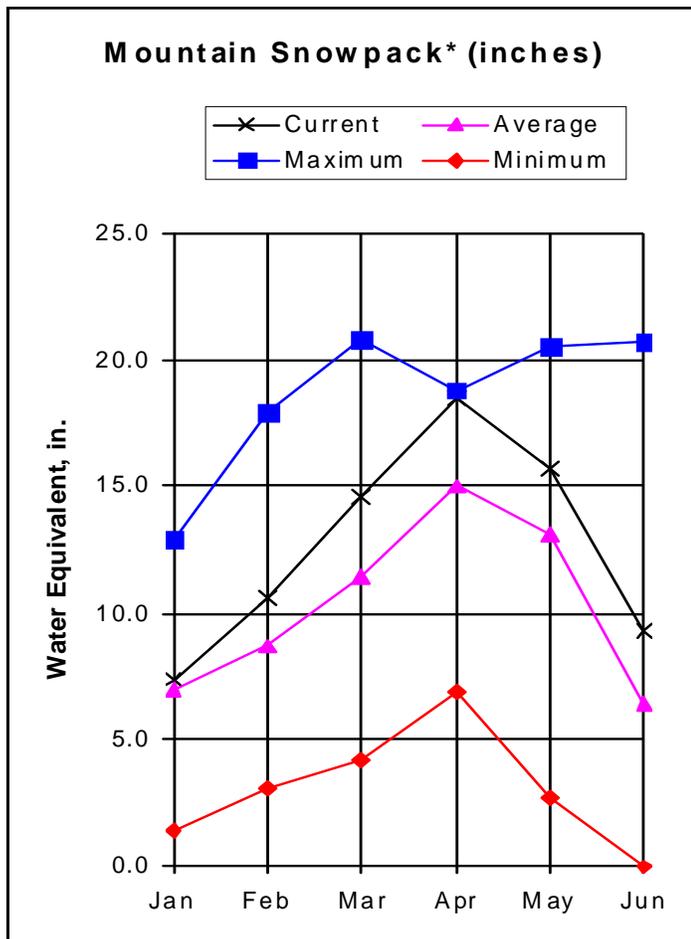
* 90%, 70%, 50%, 30%, and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

The average is computed for the 1971-2000 base period.

- (1) - The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.
- (2) - The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.

UPPER COLORADO RIVER BASIN

as of June 1, 2008



*Based on selected stations

Melting of the snowpacks in the Upper Colorado River Basin was delayed slightly by a few small storms during the first two weeks in May, but the melt began in earnest around mid-month and, except for a few days around May 23, continued through the rest of the month. By the end of the month, based on SNOTEL data, only 34 percent of this year's peak snow water content remained. Almost half of the peak snow water content was lost during May. However, at 146 percent of average, June 1 snowpacks remain well above normal and significantly (over 4 times) higher than the snowpacks reported last year at this time. All the sub-basins report well above average snowpacks, ranging from 375 percent of average in the Willow Creek Watershed to 131 percent of average in the Upper Colorado Watershed. May precipitation at the higher elevations of the basin was above average for the sixth consecutive month. In fact, November remains the only month of below average precipitation reported this water year. As you would expect, total precipitation for the water year is above average. Although slightly below the totals reported last year at this time, reservoir storage in the basin is 99 percent of average. Runoff forecasts were increased from last month at most points in the basin. June-July volumes are still expected to be above to well above average at almost all the forecast points. Streamflows for the next two months should range from 94 percent of average for the Inflow to Lake Granby to 155 percent of average for the Roaring Fork at Glenwood Springs.

UPPER COLORADO RIVER BASIN
Streamflow Forecasts - June 1, 2008

Forecast Point	Forecast Period	<<==== Drier ==== Future Conditions ==== Wetter =====>>						30-Yr Avg. (1000AF)				
		90%		70%		50%			30%		10%	
		(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(% AVG.)	(1000AF)	(1000AF)		(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(1000AF)
Lake Granby Inflow (2)	APR-JUL	189	205	220	98	235	255	225				
	JUN-JUL	114	132	146	94	160	182	156				
Willow Creek Reservoir Inflow	APR-JUL	60	65	68	133	72	78	51				
	JUN-JUL	22	27	30	125	34	40	24				
Williams Fork Reservoir Inflow (2)	APR-JUL	110	119	125	132	132	142	95				
	JUN-JUL	63	72	78	115	85	95	68				
Dillon Reservoir Inflow (2)	APR-JUL	166	183	195	117	210	230	167				
	JUN-JUL	114	131	143	120	156	177	119				
Green Mountain Reservoir Inflow (2)	APR-JUL	300	330	350	125	375	410	280				
	JUN-JUL	194	223	245	123	268	305	199				
Muddy Creek blw Wolford Mtn Resv (2)	APR-JUL	54	59	63	105	68	75	60				
	JUN-JUL	17.5	23	27	129	32	39	21				
Eagle River blw Gypsum (2)	APR-JUL	360	395	425	127	455	505	335				
	JUN-JUL	220	255	285	127	315	365	225				
Colorado River nr Dotsero (2)	APR-JUL	1570	1700	1800	125	1900	2060	1440				
	JUN-JUL	865	1001	1100	122	1203	1363	905				
Ruedi Reservoir Inflow (2)	APR-JUL	158	179	195	138	210	240	141				
	JUN-JUL	111	132	148	154	165	192	96				
Roaring Fork at Glenwood Springs (2)	APR-JUL	900	975	1030	145	1080	1170	710				
	JUN-JUL	630	705	760	155	815	905	490				
Colorado River nr Cameo (2)	APR-JUL	2780	2950	3070	127	3190	3360	2420				
	JUN-JUL	1710	1880	2000	131	2120	2290	1530				

UPPER COLORADO RIVER BASIN
Reservoir Storage (1000 AF) - End of May

UPPER COLORADO RIVER BASIN
Watershed Snowpack Analysis - June 1, 2008

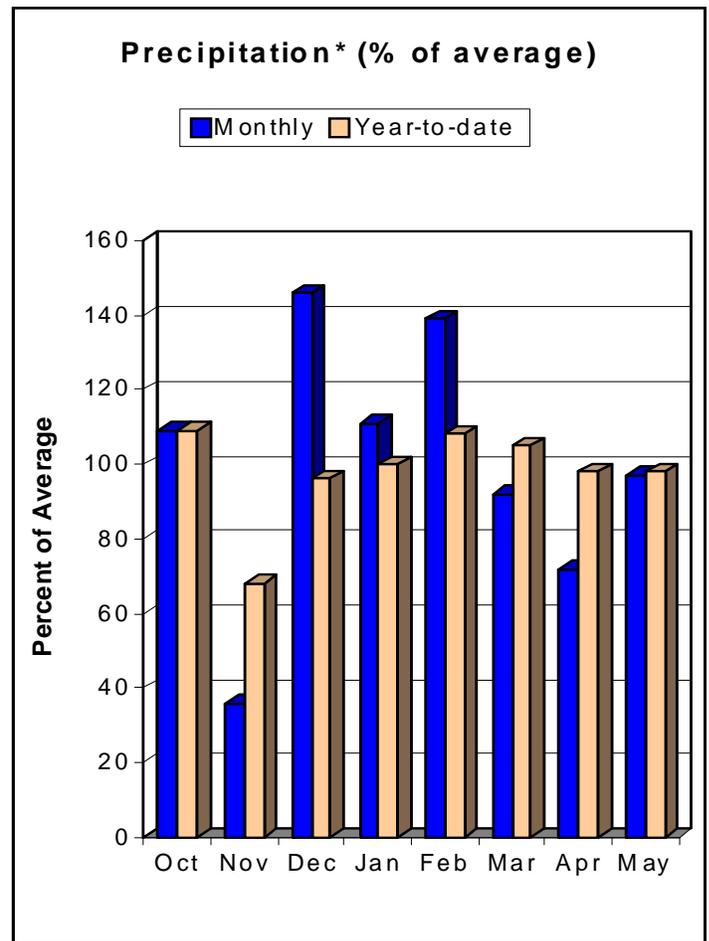
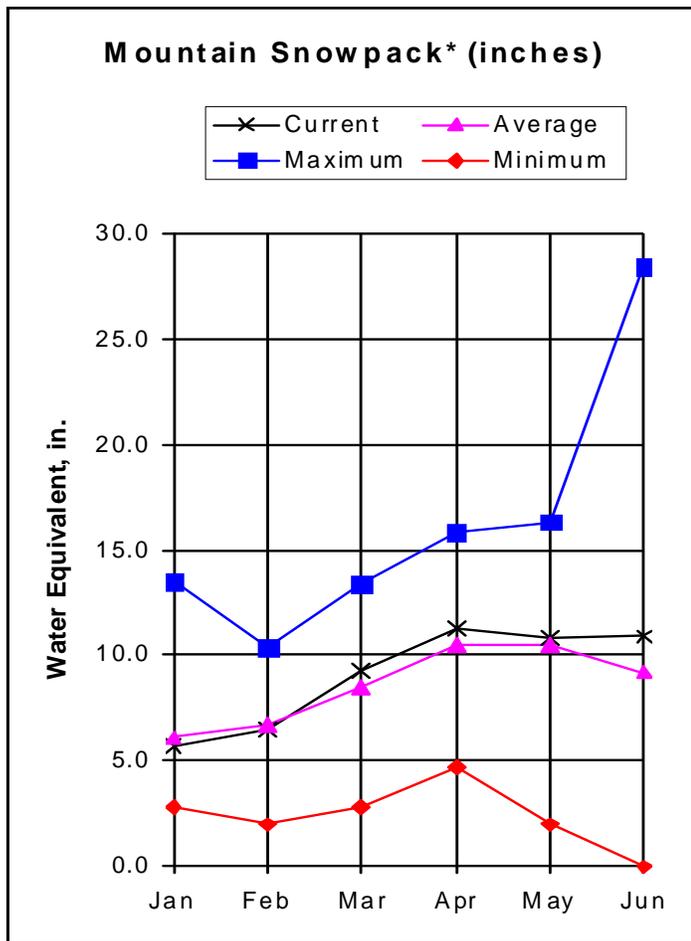
Reservoir	Usable Capacity	*** Usable Storage ***			Watershed	Number of Data Sites	This Year as % of	
		This Year	Last Year	Avg			Last Yr	Average
DILLON	250.7	216.5	247.7	229.0	BLUE RIVER BASIN	5	200	134
LAKE GRANBY	465.6	264.4	292.5	302.9	UPPER COLORADO RIVER BASIN	19	270	131
GREEN MOUNTAIN	146.8	89.1	108.1	76.1	MUDDY CREEK BASIN	2	0	185
HOMESTAKE	43.0	26.9	31.9	20.3	PLATEAU CREEK BASIN	2	6440	151
RUEDI	102.0	65.5	85.8	74.2	ROARING FORK BASIN	7	0	203
VEGA	32.9	32.4	33.3	29.2	WILLIAMS FORK BASIN	2	194	198
WILLIAMS FORK	97.0	95.8	95.8	63.6	WILLOW CREEK BASIN	2	600	375
WILLOW CREEK	9.1	7.1	6.3	7.4	TOTAL COLORADO RIVER BASIN	28	432	146

* 90%, 70%, 50%, 30%, and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

The average is computed for the 1971-2000 base period.

- (1) - The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.
- (2) - The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.

SOUTH PLATTE RIVER BASIN as of June 1, 2008



*Based on selected stations

Although the basin snowpack peaked in mid-April, snowmelt has been interrupted by a series of small storms that passed through the South Platte River Basin during the latter part of April and the first part of May. However, since that time snowmelt has come on with a vengeance. In fact, 45 percent of this year's peak snowpack came off since May 17. As of June 1, SNOTEL data indicates the basin snowpack is 119 percent of average and 179 percent of the June 1, 2007 snowpacks. Sub-basin snowpacks range from no snow at any of the measuring sites in the Saint Vrain Watershed to 176 percent of average in the Upper South Platte Watershed. The basin experienced its third month in a row of below average mountain precipitation during May. However, total precipitation for the water year continues to track fairly close to the average mark (98 percent of average this month) as it has since January. Reservoir storage from the 33 reservoirs monitored in the basin indicates useable contents are below normal at 84 percent of average. This year's storage is also 85 percent of the water stored this same time last year. June-September runoff is expected to be near average to below average at many of the forecast points in the basin. Forecasts for the Inflow at Antero and on Bear Creek took a huge downward turn from those issued last month. Streamflow volumes over the next four months should range from 76 percent of average for Clear Creek near Golden to 116 percent of average for the South Platte River at South Platte.

SOUTH PLATTE RIVER BASIN
Streamflow Forecasts - June 1, 2008

Forecast Point	Forecast Period	<<==== Drier ===== Future Conditions ===== Wetter =====>>						30-Yr Avg. (1000AF)				
		90%		70%		50%			30%		10%	
		(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(% AVG.)	(1000AF)	(1000AF)		(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(1000AF)
ANTERO RESERVOIR Inflow (2)	APR-JUL	10.2	12.7	15.1	90	18.4	26	16.8				
	APR-SEP	11.2	14.7	18.4	84	24	36	22				
	JUN-JUL	4.3	6.8	9.2	80	12.5	19.7	11.5				
	JUN-SEP	5.3	8.8	12.5	77	17.7	30	16.3				
SPINNEY MOUNTAIN RESV Inflow (2)	APR-JUL	34	48	62	111	83	133	56				
	APR-SEP	38	56	76	110	105	176	69				
	JUN-JUL	18.1	32	46	118	67	117	39				
	JUN-SEP	22	40	60	115	89	160	52				
ELEVENMILE CANYON RESV Inflow (2)	APR-JUL	39	52	66	114	86	130	58				
	APR-SEP	41	59	80	111	111	186	72				
	JUN-JUL	21	34	48	117	68	112	41				
	JUN-SEP	23	41	62	115	93	168	54				
CHEESMAN LAKE Inflow (2)	APR-JUL	77	100	124	109	157	230	114				
	APR-SEP	90	122	155	111	200	305	140				
	JUN-JUL	38	61	85	118	118	190	72				
	JUN-SEP	49	81	114	115	160	265	99				
SOUTH PLATTE R at South Platte (2)	APR-JUL	135	173	210	102	260	365	205				
	APR-SEP	162	215	265	104	330	480	255				
	JUN-JUL	70	108	145	117	195	300	124				
	JUN-SEP	96	148	199	116	265	415	172				
BEAR CREEK abv Evergreen	APR-JUL	9.1	11.1	12.8	66	15.0	19.3	19.3				
	APR-SEP	11.6	14.6	17.3	69	21	27	25				
	JUN-JUL	4.7	6.7	8.4	81	10.6	14.9	10.4				
	JUN-SEP	7.2	10.2	12.9	81	16.3	23	16.0				
BEAR CREEK at Morrison	APR-JUL	8.8	11.0	13.1	52	15.8	21	25				
	APR-SEP	11.2	14.5	17.6	57	22	30	31				
	JUN-JUL	4.7	6.9	9.0	76	11.7	17.1	11.9				
	JUN-SEP	7.1	10.4	13.5	76	17.5	26	17.7				
CLEAR CREEK at Golden	APR-JUL	90	101	110	100	119	135	110				
	APR-SEP	107	120	131	98	143	162	134				
	JUN-JUL	70	81	90	110	99	115	82				
	JUN-SEP	87	100	111	105	123	142	106				
ST. VRAIN CREEK at Lyons (2)	APR-JUL	57	63	68	72	73	82	94				
	APR-SEP	68	77	83	76	90	101	109				
	JUN-JUL	43	49	54	87	59	68	62				
	JUN-SEP	54	63	69	89	76	87	78				
BOULDER CREEK nr Orodell (2)	APR-JUL	42	45	48	92	51	56	52				
	APR-SEP	48	53	56	93	60	66	60				
	JUN-JUL	27	30	33	100	36	41	33				
	JUN-SEP	33	38	41	103	45	51	40				
SOUTH BOULDER CK nr Eldorado Spgs	APR-JUL	36	40	42	102	45	49	41				
	APR-SEP	39	43	46	100	50	56	46				
	JUN-JUL	19.4	23	25	96	28	32	26				
	JUN-SEP	22	26	29	97	33	39	30				
BIG THOMPSON R at Canyon Mouth (2)	APR-JUL	74	82	89	90	96	108	99				
	APR-SEP	87	98	107	90	116	132	119				
	JUN-JUL	58	66	73	104	80	92	70				
	JUN-SEP	71	82	91	103	100	116	88				
CACHE LaPOUDRE at Canyon Mouth (2)	APR-JUL	167	193	210	86	225	255	245				
	APR-SEP	184	215	235	86	255	285	275				
	JUN-JUL	117	143	160	100	177	205	160				
	JUN-SEP	134	164	185	100	205	235	186				

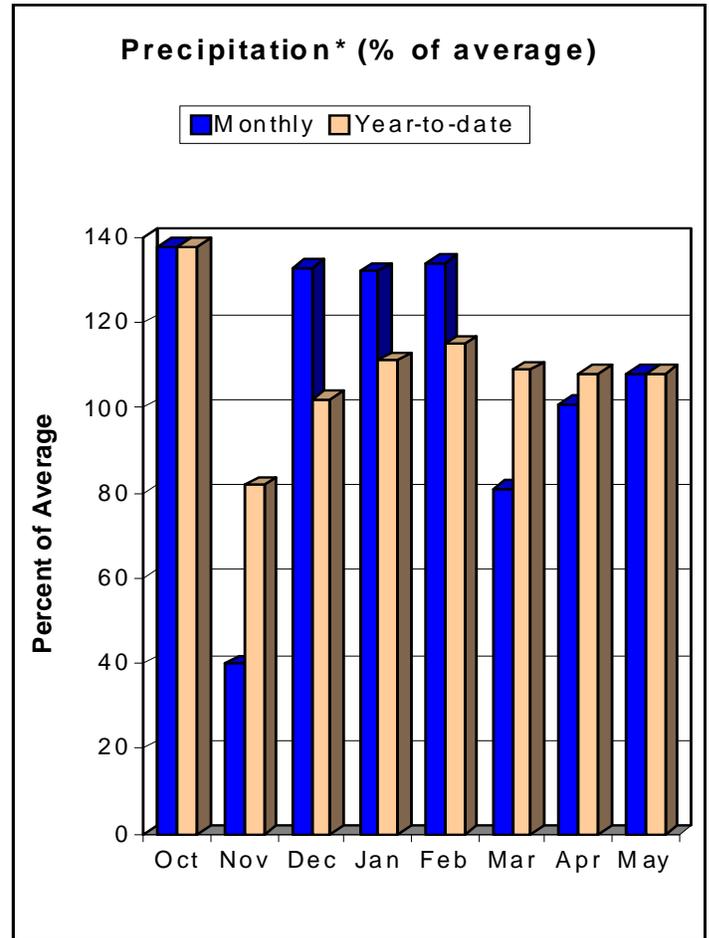
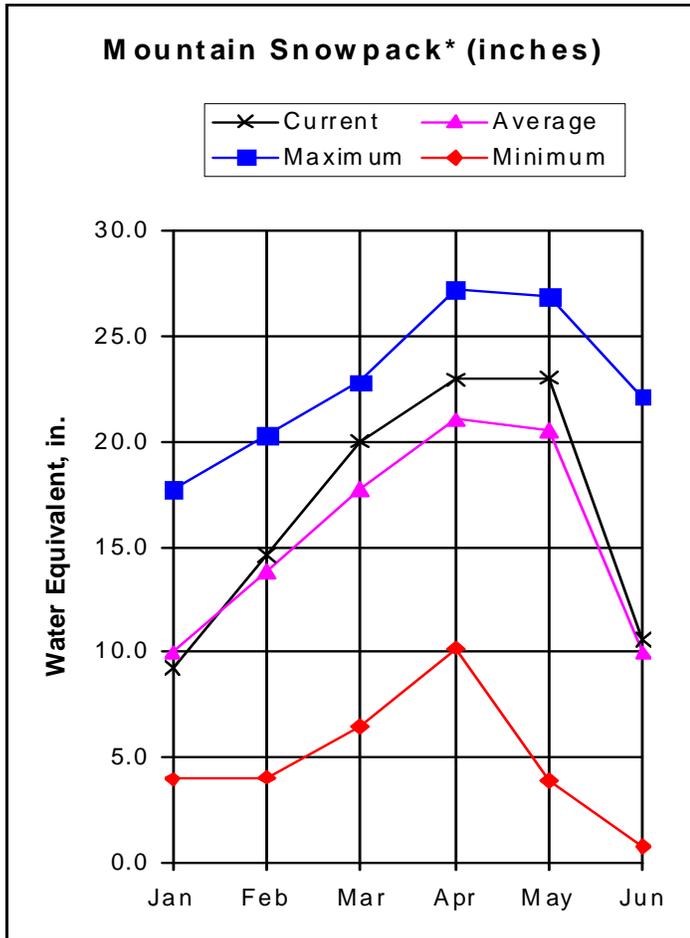
SOUTH PLATTE RIVER BASIN Reservoir Storage (1000 AF) - End of May					SOUTH PLATTE RIVER BASIN Watershed Snowpack Analysis - June 1, 2008			
Reservoir	Usable Capacity	*** Usable Storage ***			Watershed	Number of Data Sites	This Year as % of	
		This Year	Last Year	Avg			Last Yr	Average
ANTERO	19.9	20.0	20.0	16.0	BIG THOMPSON BASIN	3	340	101
BARR LAKE	30.1	27.5	29.1	27.7	BOULDER CREEK BASIN	3	92	78
BLACK HOLLOW	6.5	3.8	3.4	4.4	CACHE LA POUFRE BASIN	2	250	127
BOYD LAKE	44.0	20.4	28.2	40.0	CLEAR CREEK BASIN	2	184	122
BUTTON ROCK/RALPH PRICE	16.2	12.1	15.3	14.7	SAINT VRAIN BASIN	1	0	0
CACHE LA POUFRE	10.1	7.3	9.7	9.1	UPPER SOUTH PLATTE BASIN	6	115	176
CARTER	108.9	69.5	77.4	100.2	TOTAL SOUTH PLATTE BASIN	17	179	119
CHAMBERS LAKE	8.8	1.1	2.8	5.8				
CHEESMAN	79.0	69.2	79.5	66.2				
COBB LAKE	22.3	2.8	3.4	14.7				
ELEVEN MILE	98.0	99.4	99.3	97.1				
EMPIRE	36.5	25.6	36.5	30.7				
FOSSIL CREEK	11.1	5.2	8.1	8.0				
GROSS	42.0	20.3	39.8	28.8				
HALLIGAN	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.0				
HORSECREEK	14.7	13.4	14.3	14.1				
HORSETOOTH	149.7	106.6	117.0	123.2				
JACKSON	26.1	24.0	26.1	30.6				
JULESBURG	20.5	18.6	20.5	21.5				
LAKE LOVELAND	14.0	8.9	11.6	11.0				
LONE TREE	9.0	6.9	8.8	8.6				
MARIANO	6.0	4.1	5.4	5.4				
MARSHALL	10.0	6.2	9.6	8.2				
MARSTON	13.0	12.2	12.4	15.3				
MILTON	23.5	20.1	22.7	19.3				
POINT OF ROCKS	70.6	55.7	70.2	66.3				
PREWITT	28.2	19.5	24.6	26.7				
RIVERSIDE	55.8	39.2	53.7	56.0				
SPINNEY MOUNTAIN	49.0	38.2	46.9	35.6				
STANDLEY	42.0	37.7	41.2	36.8				
TERRY LAKE	8.0	5.4	7.7	7.0				
UNION	13.0	10.6	12.6	12.2				
WINDSOR	15.2	11.5	10.6	15.0				

* 90%, 70%, 50%, 30%, and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

The average is computed for the 1971-2000 base period.

- (1) - The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.
- (2) - The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.

YAMPA, WHITE, NORTH PLATTE AND LARAMIE RIVER BASINS as of June 1, 2008



*Based on selected stations

June 1 snowpack in the combined Yampa, White, North Platte and Laramie River basins is 106 percent of average and 369 percent of the June 1, 2007 snowpack figure. During the first two weeks in May, storms that passed through northern Colorado not only dropped temperatures, slowing melt, but also added some new snow to the packs. Snowmelt in the basin has gathered up some momentum since mid-May. SNOTEL data indicates that from May 16 to June 1, the basin lost about 45 percent of this year's peak snow water content. About 37 percent of this year's peak snowpack remains in place. Snowpacks in the sub-basins are above average in the Laramie, North Platte and Little Snake watersheds, while the Elk, Yampa and White River drainages report below to well below average snowpacks. The basin extended its streak of consecutive above average monthly precipitation in the mountains to six months. High elevation precipitation during May was 108 percent of average. Total precipitation since the beginning of the water year is 108 percent of average and 136 percent of the total precipitation reported at this time last year. Reservoir storage at Stagecoach and Yamcolo is 111 percent of average and both reservoirs are reported to be full and spilling. Forecasts call for above average to well above average runoff for most points in the basin. June-July streamflow volumes are expected to fall between 97 percent of average for the White River near Meeker and 143 percent of average for the Little Snake River near Dixon.

YAMPA, WHITE, AND NORTH PLATTE RIVER BASINS
Streamflow Forecasts - June 1, 2008

Forecast Point	Forecast Period	<<==== Drier ===== Future Conditions ===== Wetter =====>>						30-Yr Avg. (1000AF)				
		90%		70%		50%			30%		10%	
		(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(% AVG.)	(1000AF)	(1000AF)		(1000AF)	(1000AF)		
NORTH PLATTE RIVER nr Northgate	JUN-JUL	125	142	155	117	168	188	133				
	JUN-SEP	152	172	185	116	198	220	159				
LARAMIE RIVER nr Woods	JUN-JUL	65	81	92	120	103	119	77				
	JUN-SEP	77	94	106	119	118	135	89				
Yampa R ab Stagecoach Reservoir (2)	APR-JUL	32	36	40	138	43	50	29				
	JUN-JUL	8.1	11.9	15.0	105	18.6	25	14.3				
Yampa River at Steamboat Springs (2)	APR-JUL	265	290	310	111	330	365	280				
	JUN-JUL	112	137	156	113	176	210	138				
Elk River nr Milner	APR-JUL	390	420	440	135	465	500	325				
	JUN-JUL	153	183	205	130	230	265	158				
Elkhead Creek nr Elkhead	APR-JUL	60	63	65	167	68	71	39				
	JUN-JUL	5.4	8.0	10.0	119	12.2	16.0	8.4				
Elkhead Creek blw Maynard Gulch (2)	APR-JUL	81	85	87	148	91	95	59				
	JUN-JUL	7.5	11.1	14.0	117	17.2	22	12.0				
Fortification Ck nr Fortification	MAR-JUN	6.4	6.9	7.5	100	8.3	9.8	7.5				
	JUNE	0.4	0.9	1.5	111	2.3	3.8	1.4				
Yampa River nr Maybell (2)	APR-JUL	1090	1170	1230	124	1300	1400	990				
	JUN-JUL	395	475	535	122	600	700	440				
Little Snake River nr Slater	APR-JUL	169	185	196	123	210	225	159				
	JUN-JUL	68	84	95	134	107	126	71				
Little Snake River nr Dixon	APR-JUL	360	395	420	127	450	495	330				
	JUN-JUL	129	164	190	143	220	265	133				
Little Snake River nr Lily	APR-JUL	400	440	465	127	495	545	365				
	JUN-JUL	144	182	210	142	240	290	148				
White River nr Meeker	APR-JUL	240	260	280	97	300	330	290				
	JUN-JUL	112	137	155	97	174	205	160				

YAMPA, WHITE, AND NORTH PLATTE RIVER BASINS
Reservoir Storage (1000 AF) - End of May

YAMPA, WHITE, AND NORTH PLATTE RIVER BASINS
Watershed Snowpack Analysis - June 1, 2008

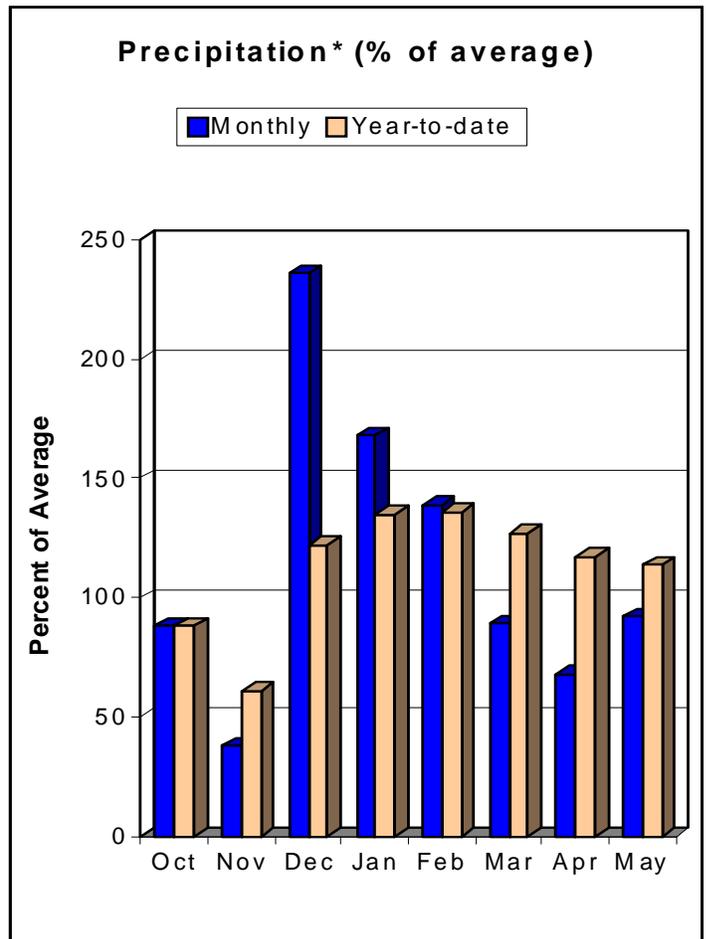
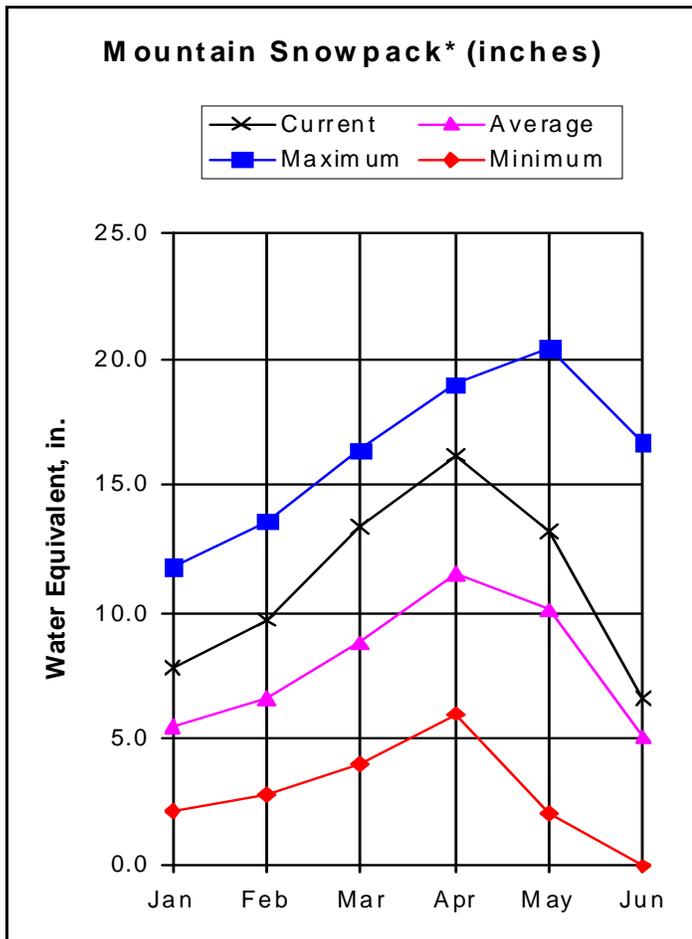
Reservoir	Usable Capacity	*** Usable Storage ***			Watershed	Number of Data Sites	This Year as % of	
		This Year	Last Year	Avg			Last Yr	Average
STAGECOACH	33.3	33.3	32.9	29.9	LARAMIE RIVER BASIN	2	1285	150
YAMCOLO	8.7	8.6	8.6	7.7	NORTH PLATTE RIVER BASIN	7	284	117
					TOTAL NORTH PLATTE BASIN	9	337	122
					ELK RIVER BASIN	2	0	50
					YAMPA RIVER BASIN	9	470	79
					WHITE RIVER BASIN	4	231	82
					TOTAL YAMPA AND WHITE RIV	12	421	85
					LITTLE SNAKE RIVER BASIN	6	385	122
TOTAL YAMPA, WHITE AND NO	24	369	106					

* 90%, 70%, 50%, 30%, and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

The average is computed for the 1971-2000 base period.

- (1) - The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.
- (2) - The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.

ARKANSAS RIVER BASIN as of June 1, 2008



*Based on selected stations

SNOTEL data indicates the June 1 Arkansas River Basin snowpack is 130 percent of average. This is just under twice the amount of snow water content present last year on June 1. The basin saw some significant melt during May, losing almost 45 percent of this year's peak snowpack during the month. As of June 1, only about 31 percent of the peak snowpack remains. Snowpacks in the sub-basins are quite variable. There are no remaining measuring sites with snow present in the Purgatoire Watershed, while the Cucharas and Huerfano Watershed is reporting 287 percent of average conditions, based on the South Colony SNOTEL site located southwest of Westcliffe. Snowpack in the Upper Arkansas Watershed, based on three SNOTEL sites, is 93 percent of average. Mountain precipitation in May was below normal, at 92 percent of average, making it the third consecutive month of below normal precipitation in the basin. However, total precipitation beginning October 1, 2007 remains above average, thanks to the well above average precipitation received from December through February. Reservoir storage, based on 13 reservoirs, is 80 percent of average and 78 percent of the stored water available last year at this time. June-September forecasts call for well above average runoff in the upper portion of the basin while the southern tributaries are expected to produce below to well below average water supplies.

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ARKANSAS RIVER BASIN
Streamflow Forecasts - June 1, 2008

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Forecast Point	Forecast Period	<<===== Drier ===== Future Conditions ===== Wetter =====>>						30-Yr Avg. (1000AF)				
		90%		70%		50%			30%		10%	
		(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(% AVG.)	(1000AF)	(1000AF)		(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(1000AF)
CHALK CK at Nathrop	APR-JUL	27	33	37	161	42	49	23				
	JUN-JUL	21	27	31	172	36	43	18.0				
	APR-SEP	31	38	43	159	48	57	27				
	JUN-SEP	25	32	37	161	42	51	23				
ARKANSAS RIVER at Salida (2)	APR-JUL	305	340	370	145	400	445	255				
	JUN-JUL	225	260	290	155	320	365	187				
	APR-SEP	365	415	450	145	490	550	310				
	JUN-SEP	285	335	370	151	410	470	245				
GRAPE CK nr Westcliffe	APR-JUL	17.5	23	28	174	33	42	16.1				
	JUN-JUL	11.5	17.3	22	250	27	36	8.8				
	APR-SEP	21	28	33	168	39	48	19.6				
	JUN-SEP	15.1	22	27	220	33	42	12.3				
PUEBLO RESERVOIR Inflow (2)	APR-JUL	410	470	515	134	560	635	385				
	JUN-JUL	315	375	420	162	465	540	259				
	APR-SEP	510	590	650	134	710	810	485				
	JUN-SEP	415	495	555	154	615	715	360				
HUERFANO RIVER nr Redwing	APR-JUL	8.1	9.2	10.0	81	10.9	12.4	12.3				
	JUN-JUL	3.3	4.4	5.2	68	6.1	7.6	7.7				
	APR-SEP	10.1	11.7	12.8	83	14.0	16.0	15.5				
	JUN-SEP	5.3	6.9	8.0	73	9.2	11.2	11.0				
CUCHARAS RIVER nr La Veta	APR-JUL	7.7	8.7	9.5	84	10.4	11.9	11.3				
	JUN-JUL	2.4	3.4	4.2	70	5.1	6.6	6.0				
	APR-SEP	8.8	10.1	11.1	85	12.2	14.0	13.0				
	JUN-SEP	3.5	4.8	5.8	74	6.9	8.7	7.8				
TRINIDAD LAKE Inflow (2)	MAR-JUL	21	24	26	77	29	33	34				
	JUN-JUL	5.0	7.9	10.3	54	13.0	17.6	19.0				
	APR-SEP	21	27	32	73	37	47	44				
	JUN-SEP	8.4	14.2	19.0	61	24	34	31				

ARKANSAS RIVER BASIN Reservoir Storage (1000 AF) - End of May					ARKANSAS RIVER BASIN Watershed Snowpack Analysis - June 1, 2008			
Reservoir	Usable Capacity	*** Usable Storage ***			Watershed	Number of Data Sites	This Year as % of	
		This Year	Last Year	Avg			Last Yr	Average
ADOBE	62.0	26.9	52.6	33.0	UPPER ARKANSAS BASIN	3	160	93
CLEAR CREEK	11.4	5.4	4.4	6.3	CUCHARAS & HUERFANO RIVER	2	263	287
CUCHARAS RESERVOIR	40.0	0.7	3.2	6.4	PURGATOIRE RIVER BASIN	2	0	0
GREAT PLAINS	150.0	0.0	0.0	39.3	TOTAL ARKANSAS RIVER BASIN	6	192	130
HOLBROOK	7.0	1.3	6.3	4.1				
HORSE CREEK	27.0	0.0	0.0	10.0				
JOHN MARTIN	616.0	50.8	81.4	128.1				
LAKE HENRY	8.0	5.6	9.7	5.7				
MEREDITH	42.0	25.1	37.6	18.5				
PUEBLO	354.0	223.2	190.7	160.1				
TRINIDAD	167.0	27.3	31.7	29.7				
TURQUOISE	127.0	46.4	91.5	77.6				
TWIN LAKES	86.0	37.6	65.6	42.6				

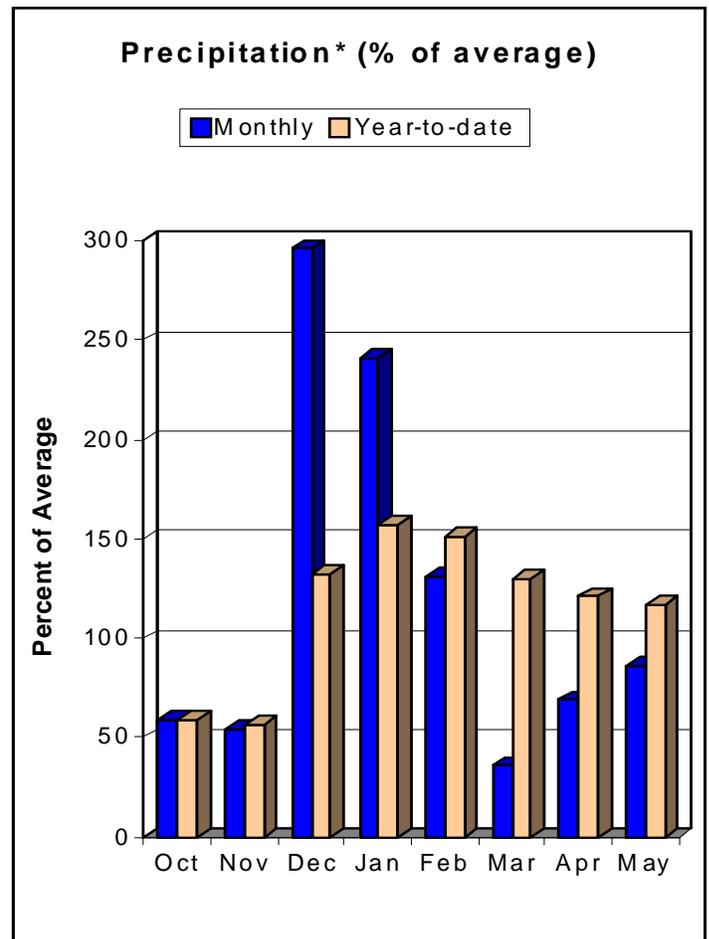
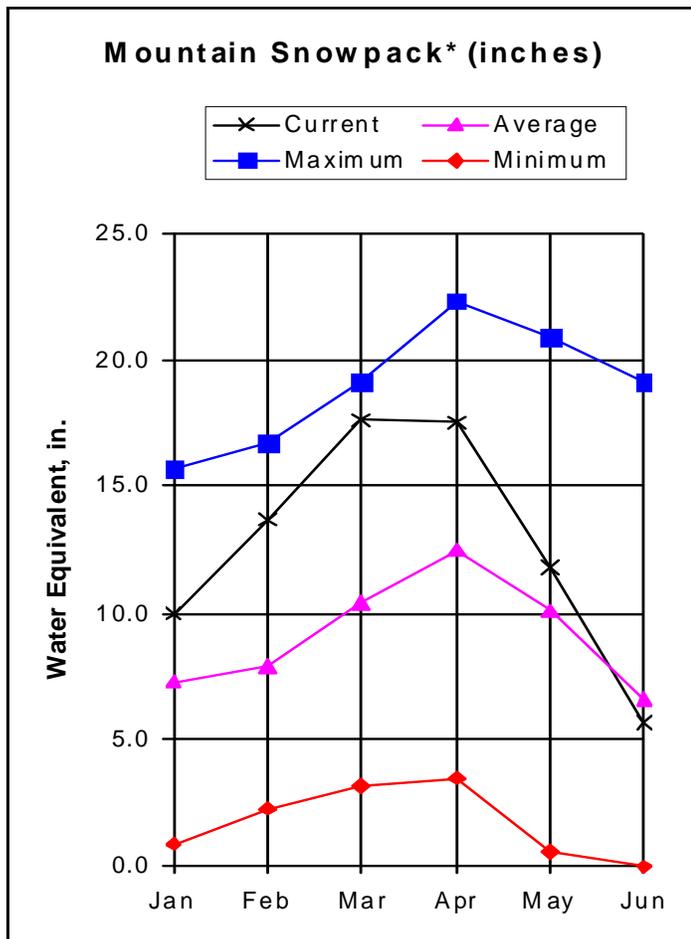
* 90%, 70%, 50%, 30%, and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

The average is computed for the 1971-2000 base period.

(1) - The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.

(2) - The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.

UPPER RIO GRANDE RIVER BASIN as of June 1, 2008



*Based on selected stations

In terms of percentages, the Upper Rio Grande snowpack took another big hit during May, dropping from 117 percent of average last month to 86 percent of average on June 1. That said, this year's snowpack is still 64 percent higher than the snowpack measured last June. A small storm event during the third week of May was the only hiccup in the precipitous drop in snow water content that resulted in a net loss of 49 percent of the year's peak snowpack during the month. SNOTEL data shows that only about 21 percent of the year's peak snowpack is left. Snow measuring sites are essentially melted out in the Alamosa, Conejos and Rio San Antonio, and Culebra and Trinchera Creek watersheds. The Upper Rio Grande Watershed snowpacks are currently 96 percent of average, based on four SNOTEL sites. At 86 percent of average, May marked the third month in a row that the basin has experienced below average monthly precipitation. However, water year precipitation totals remain above normal, at 117 percent of average, due in large part to the impressive precipitation that fell from December through February. Based on measurements from six reservoirs, storage at the end of May was 93 percent of average and 94 percent of the stored water available at this time last year. Above to well above average are expected at most forecast points during the June-September period. Below average runoff is predicted for Ute Creek near Fort Garland, Culebra Creek at San Luis, Costilla Creek near Costilla and for the Inflow to Costilla Reservoir.

UPPER RIO GRANDE BASIN
Streamflow Forecasts - June 1, 2008

Forecast Point	Forecast Period	<<==== Drier ==== Future Conditions ===== Wetter =====>>						30-Yr Avg. (1000AF)				
		90%		70%		50%			30%		10%	
		(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(% AVG.)	(1000AF)	(1000AF)		(1000AF)	(1000AF)		
Rio Grande at Thirty Mile Bridge (2)	APR-SEP	132	149	162	119	176	197	136				
	JUN-SEP	90	107	120	125	134	155	96				
	APR-JUL	119	132	142	120	153	170	118				
	JUN-JUL	77	90	100	125	111	128	80				
Rio Grande at Wagon Wheel Gap (2)	APR-SEP	350	390	420	122	450	505	345				
	JUN-SEP	205	245	275	120	305	360	230				
South Fork Rio Grande at South Fork	APR-SEP	150	163	173	131	184	200	132				
	JUN-SEP	72	85	95	127	106	123	75				
Rio Grande nr Del Norte (2)	APR-SEP	555	610	655	123	700	775	531				
	JUN-SEP	315	370	415	123	460	535	337				
Saguache Creek nr Saguache (2)	APR-SEP	28	32	36	109	40	47	33				
	JUN-SEP	15.2	20	24	115	28	35	21				
Alamosa Creek abv Terrace Reservoir	APR-SEP	81	89	95	136	101	111	70				
	JUN-SEP	41	49	55	131	61	71	42				
La Jara Creek nr Capulin	MAR-JUL	10.4	11.0	11.6	133	12.2	13.4	8.7				
	JUN-JUL	1.7	2.3	2.9	119	3.5	4.6	2.4				
Trinchera Creek abv Turners Ranch	APR-SEP	6.9	9.3	10.9	91	12.5	14.9	12.0				
	JUN-SEP	2.0	4.4	6.0	107	7.6	10.0	5.6				
Sangre de Cristo Creek (2)	APR-SEP	12.6	13.1	14.1	160	15.1	16.8	8.8				
	JUN-SEP	1.0	1.6	2.6	100	3.6	5.2	2.6				
Ute Ck nr Fort Garland	APR-SEP	9.0	10.7	12.0	98	13.5	16.0	12.2				
	JUN-SEP	4.0	5.7	7.0	90	8.5	11.1	7.8				
Platoro Reservoir Inflow	APR-JUL	61	69	74	116	80	89	64				
	JUN-JUL	40	48	53	133	59	68	40				
	APR-SEP	67	75	81	114	87	97	71				
	JUN-SEP	46	54	60	130	66	76	46				
Conejos River nr Mogote (2)	APR-SEP	220	240	260	130	275	305	200				
	JUN-SEP	130	153	170	136	188	215	125				
San Antonio River at Ortiz	APR-SEP	24	25	26	159	27	28	16.4				
	JUN-SEP	0.9	1.4	1.9	126	2.3	3.2	1.5				
Los Pinos River nr Ortiz	APR-SEP	94	101	106	143	112	121	74				
	JUN-SEP	27	34	39	139	45	54	28				
Culebra Creek at San Luis (2)	APR-SEP	13.9	17.3	20	87	24	29	23				
	JUN-SEP	6.7	10.1	13.0	78	16.4	22	16.7				
Costilla Reservoir Inflow	MAR-JUL	8.7	9.7	10.5	99	11.4	12.9	10.6				
	JUN-JUL	3.2	4.2	5.0	90	5.9	7.4	5.6				
Costilla Creek nr Costilla (2)	MAR-JUL	25	27	29	112	31	35	26				
	JUN-JUL	5.8	8.0	9.8	88	11.8	15.3	11.1				

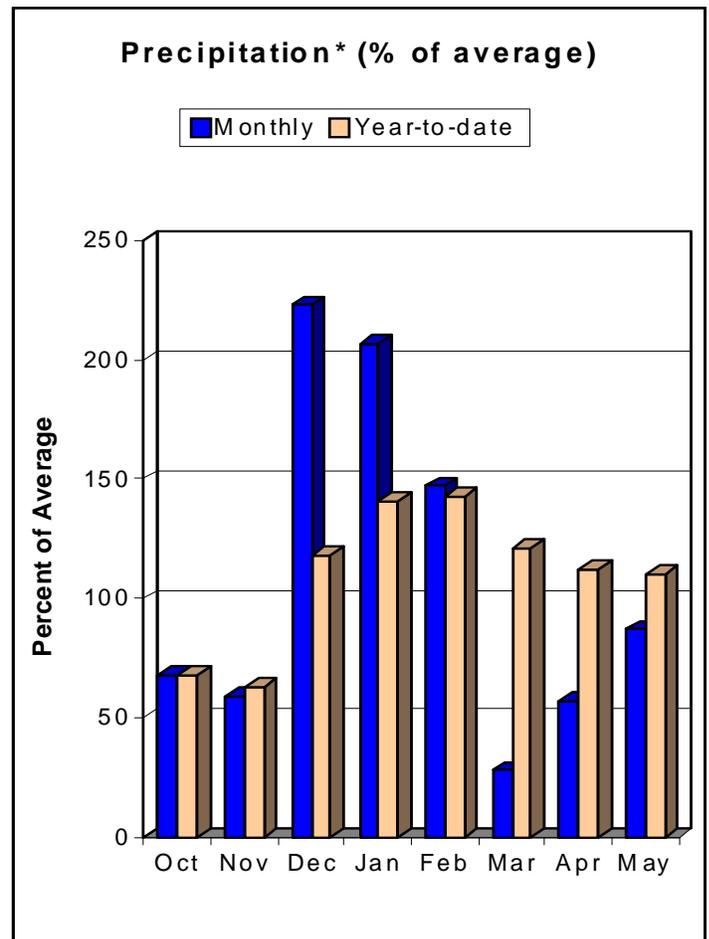
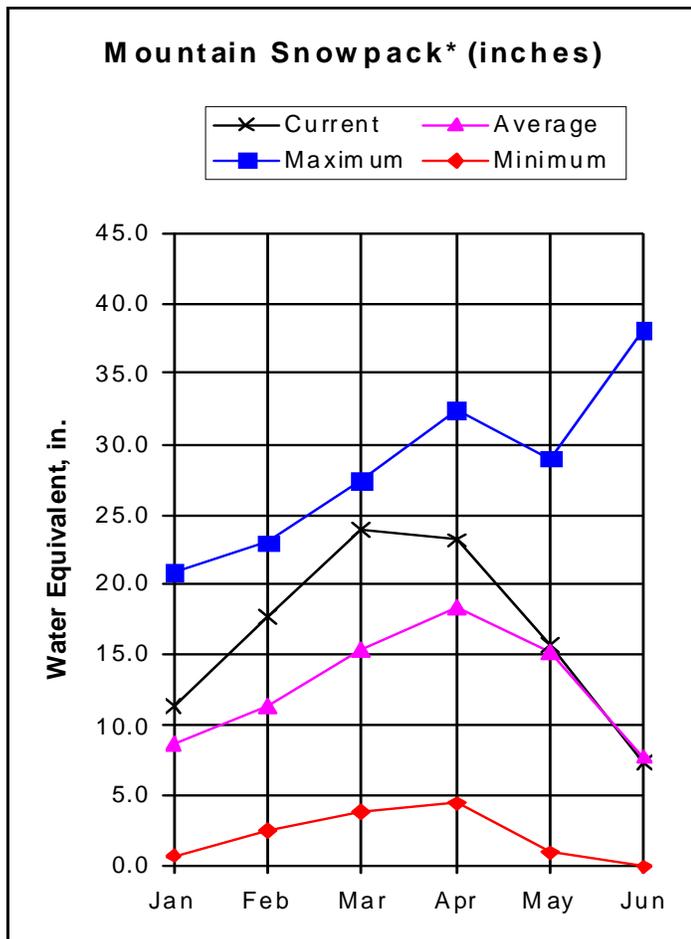
UPPER RIO GRANDE BASIN Reservoir Storage (1000 AF) - End of May					UPPER RIO GRANDE BASIN Watershed Snowpack Analysis - June 1, 2008			
Reservoir	Usable Capacity	*** Usable Storage ***			Watershed	Number of Data Sites	This Year as % of	
		This Year	Last Year	Avg			Last Yr	Average
CONTINENTAL	27.0	8.7	6.8	8.2	ALAMOSA CREEK BASIN	1	0	0
PLATORO	60.0	18.1	20.6	24.5	CONEJOS & RIO SAN ANTONIO	2	0	2
RIO GRANDE	51.0	15.2	29.4	24.2	CULEBRA & TRINCHERA CREEK	3	0	0
SANCHEZ	103.0	33.7	23.4	26.9	UPPER RIO GRANDE BASIN	4	164	96
SANTA MARIA	45.0	10.0	9.3	11.4	TOTAL UPPER RIO GRANDE BA	10	164	86
TERRACE	18.0	10.3	12.3	8.0				

* 90%, 70%, 50%, 30%, and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

The average is computed for the 1971-2000 base period.

- (1) - The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.
- (2) - The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.

SAN MIGUEL, DOLORES, ANIMAS, AND SAN JUAN RIVER BASINS as of June 1, 2008



*Based on selected stations

The combined San Miguel, Dolores, Animas and San Juan River basin snowpack was measured at 95 percent of average on June 1, down slightly, in terms of percentages, from last month's figure of 103 percent of average. Data from the SNOTEL sites in the basin show a loss of 44 percent of the year's peak snowpack during May, with only about 25 percent of the peak snow water content remaining on June 1. When compared to last year's June 1 snowpack, there is just slightly more than twice the snow water content this year. Snowpack conditions in the sub-basins ranged from virtually no snow at the measuring sites in the San Miguel and Dolores watersheds to 129 percent of average in the San Juan Watershed. Mountain precipitation during May was 87 percent of average, making it the third consecutive month of below normal precipitation. However, total precipitation since October 1, 2007 remains above average primarily because of the large amount of precipitation that fell from December through February. Although reservoir storage is down 11 percent from the storage reported last year at this time, it remains above normal at 106 percent of average. Streamflows during the June-July period are expected to be above average to well above average, except on the Dolores, La Plata and Florida rivers where runoff is forecast to be at or just slightly below average. Runoff volumes over the next two months should range from 94 percent of average for the Inflow to McPhee Reservoir to 156 percent of average for the Rio Blanco at Blanco Diversion.

SAN MIGUEL, DOLORES, ANIMAS, AND SAN JUAN RIVER BASINS
Streamflow Forecasts - June 1, 2008

Forecast Point	Forecast Period	<<===== Drier ===== Future Conditions ===== Wetter =====>>						30-Yr Avg. (1000AF)				
		90%		70%		50%			30%		10%	
		(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(% AVG.)	(1000AF)	(1000AF)		(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(1000AF)
Dolores River at Dolores	APR-JUL	265	290	310	117	330	370	265				
	JUN-JUL	77	102	122	108	144	182	113				
McPhee Reservoir Inflow	APR-JUL	320	345	365	114	390	425	320				
	JUN-JUL	76	102	122	94	145	183	130				
San Miguel River nr Placerville	APR-JUL	127	140	150	114	160	177	132				
	JUN-JUL	73	85	95	117	105	122	81				
Gurley Reservoir Inlet	APR-JUL	16.3	19.6	22	120	25	29	18.3				
	JUN-JUL	4.7	6.5	8.0	100	9.7	12.6	8.0				
Cone Reservoir Inlet	APR-JUL	1.6	2.8	3.8	116	5.1	6.5	3.3				
	JUN-JUL	0.6	1.2	1.7	111	2.4	3.6	1.5				
Lilylands Reservoir Inlet	APR-JUL	2.3	2.9	3.3	112	3.8	4.6	2.9				
	JUN-JUL	0.8	1.1	1.4	102	1.6	2.2	1.3				
Rio Blanco at Blanco Diversion (2)	APR-JUL	63	69	73	138	77	84	53				
	JUN-JUL	29	35	39	156	43	50	25				
Navajo River at Oso Diversion (2)	APR-JUL	78	85	90	130	96	105	69				
	JUN-JUL	37	44	49	140	55	64	35				
San Juan River nr Carracas (2)	APR-JUL	470	510	540	133	570	620	405				
	JUN-JUL	200	240	270	145	300	350	186				
Piedra River nr Arboles	APR-JUL	275	295	305	133	320	340	230				
	JUN-JUL	82	98	110	124	123	144	89				
Vallecito Reservoir Inflow	APR-JUL	210	230	240	117	255	275	205				
	JUN-JUL	102	118	130	112	143	163	116				
Navajo Reservoir Inflow (2)	APR-JUL	890	970	1030	131	1100	1200	785				
	JUN-JUL	320	400	460	135	525	635	340				
Animas River at Durango	APR-JUL	440	480	515	117	550	605	440				
	JUN-JUL	215	255	290	116	325	380	250				
Lemon Reservoir Inflow	APR-JUL	54	59	64	110	69	77	58				
	JUN-JUL	23	28	33	100	38	46	33				
La Plata River at Hesperus	APR-JUL	22	24	26	104	28	31	25				
	JUN-JUL	6.8	8.8	10.4	95	12.2	15.1	11.0				
Mancos River nr Mancos (2)	APR-JUL	19.7	28	34	103	40	48	33				
	JUNE			13.0	115			11.3				
	JULY			5.0	100			5.0				

SAN MIGUEL, DOLORES, ANIMAS, AND SAN JUAN RIVER BASINS
Reservoir Storage (1000 AF) - End of May

SAN MIGUEL, DOLORES, ANIMAS, AND SAN JUAN RIVER BASINS
Watershed Snowpack Analysis - June 1, 2008

Reservoir	Usable Capacity	*** Usable Storage ***			Watershed	Number of Data Sites	This Year as % of	
		This Year	Last Year	Avg			Last Yr	Average
GROUNDHOG	22.0	20.8	21.7	18.9	ANIMAS RIVER BASIN	7	188	83
JACKSON GULCH	10.0	10.0	10.0	9.3	DOLORES RIVER BASIN	4	0	11
LEMON	40.0	34.5	36.4	29.2	SAN MIGUEL RIVER BASIN	3	0	0
MCPHEE	381.0	360.8	380.4	328.0	SAN JUAN RIVER BASIN	3	235	129
NARRAGUINNEP	19.0	17.8	18.7	17.4	TOTAL SAN MIGUEL, DOLORES	16	204	95
VALLECITO	126.0	81.0	125.0	93.9	AN JUAN RIVER BASINS			

* 90%, 70%, 50%, 30%, and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

The average is computed for the 1971-2000 base period.

(1) - The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.

(2) - The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.



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In addition to the basin outlook reports, water supply forecast information for the Western United States is available from the Natural Resources Conservation Service and the National Weather Service monthly, January through May. The information may be obtained from the Natural Resources Conservation Service web page at <http://www.wcc.nrcs.usda.gov/wsf/westwide.html>

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