

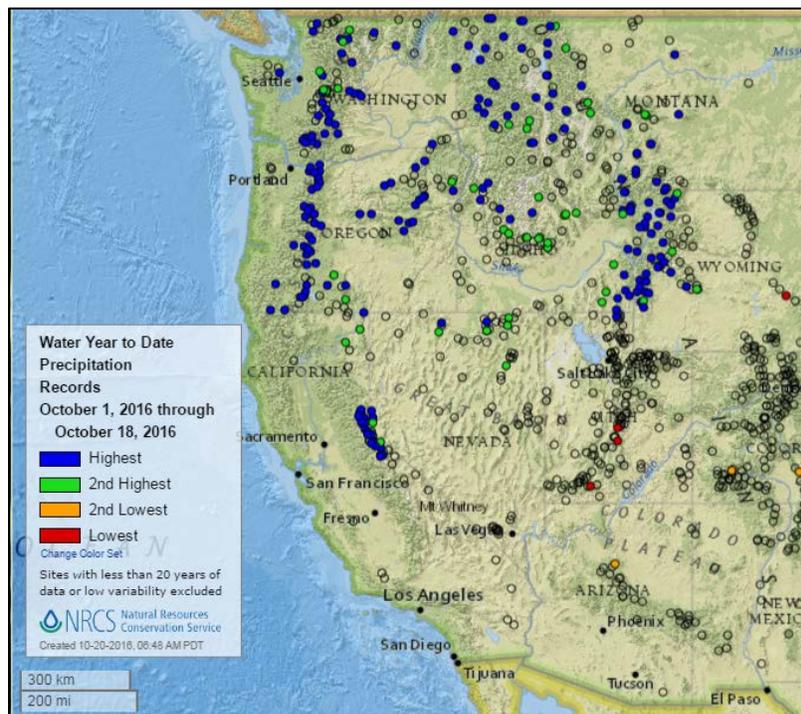
Water and Climate Update

October 20, 2016

The Natural Resources Conservation Service produces this weekly report using data and products from the [National Water and Climate Center](#) and other agencies. The report focuses on seasonal snowpack, precipitation, temperature, and drought conditions in the U.S.

Precipitation	2	Other Climatic and Water Supply Indicators	9
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Water Year 2017 begins with record precipitation in many parts of the West

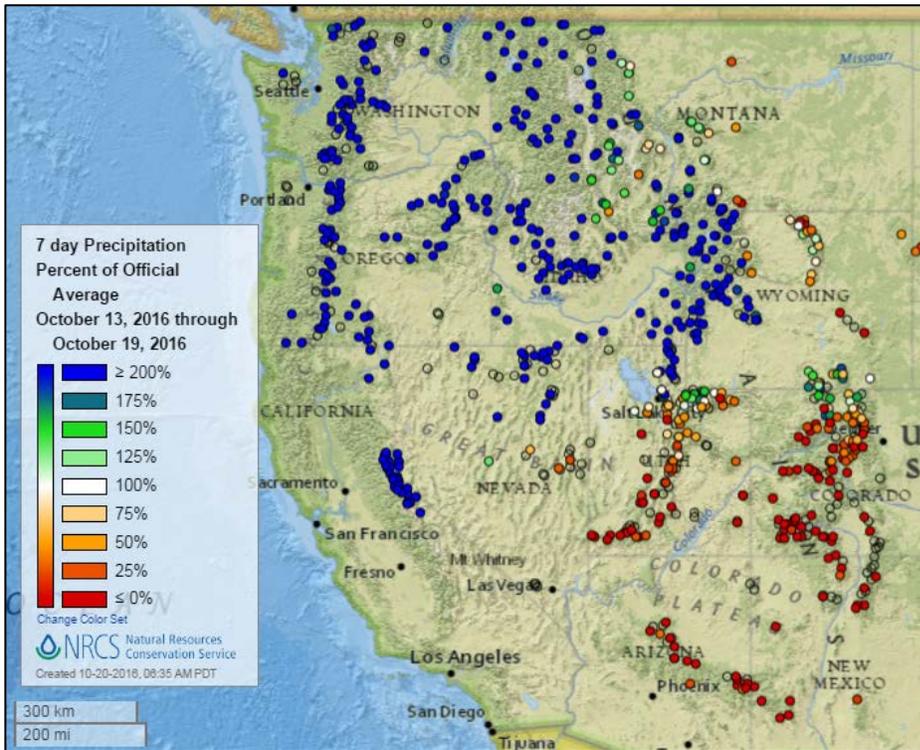


Thus far in October, heavy rains have fallen over a wide region of the West. Wind, rain, and severe storms were reported from the Sierra Nevada throughout the Cascades to Canada and spreading east into the northern Rockies of Idaho, Montana, and western Wyoming. Since October 1, precipitation at SNOTEL sites across this region showed record amounts of precipitation and the onset of high-elevation snowpack.

- [High winds, heavy rain hammer Pacific Northwest](#)
- [Northwest Storms: Dangerous High Winds on the Way after Tornadoes Hit Region](#)
- [Storm Leaves Thousands without Power in Pacific Northwest](#)
- [Wet system produces flurries across the Sierra Nevada](#)

Precipitation

Last 7 Days, Western Mountain Sites (NRCS SNOTEL Network)

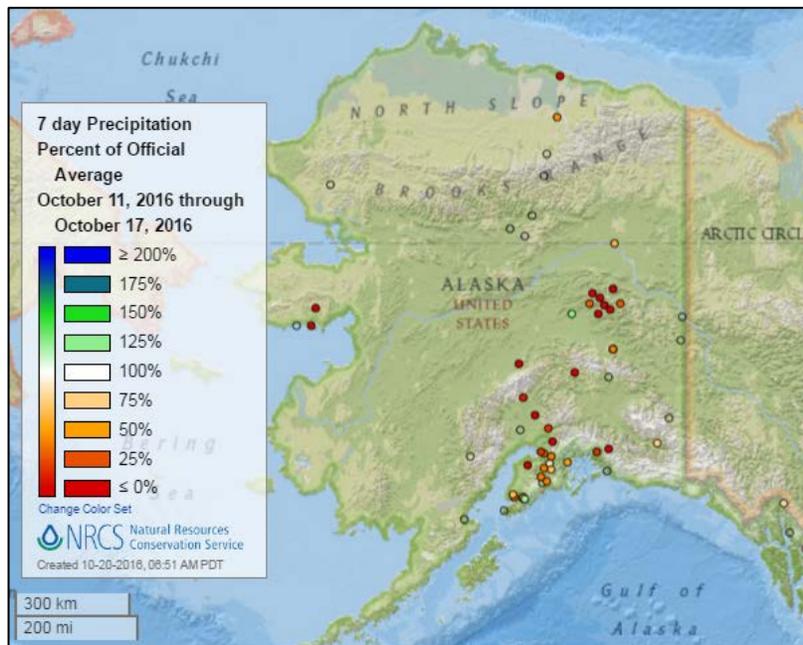


[7-day precipitation percent of average map](#)

See also:
[7-day total precipitation values \(inches\) map](#)

[Alaska 7-day precipitation percent of average map](#)

See also: [Alaska 7-day total precipitation values \(inches\) map](#)



Water and Climate Update

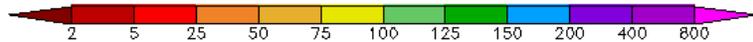
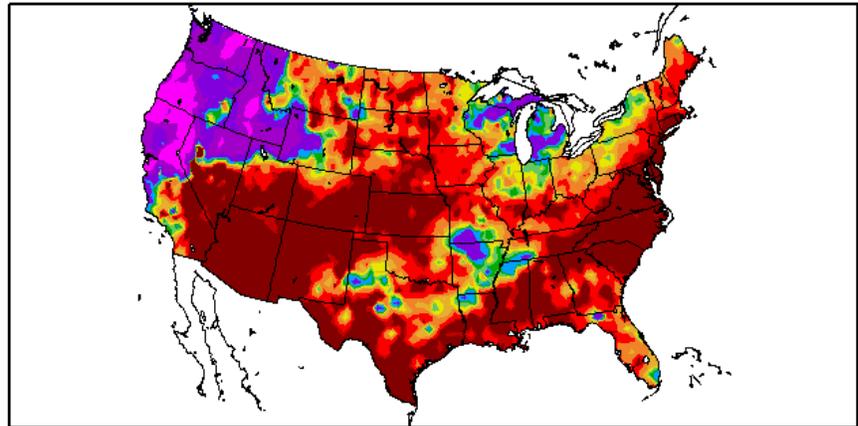
Last 7 Days, National Weather Service (NWS) Networks

Source: Regional Climate Centers

[7-day precipitation percent of normal map](#) for the continental U.S.

Percent of Normal Precipitation (%)
10/13/2016 – 10/19/2016

See also: [7-day total precipitation values \(inches\) map](#)



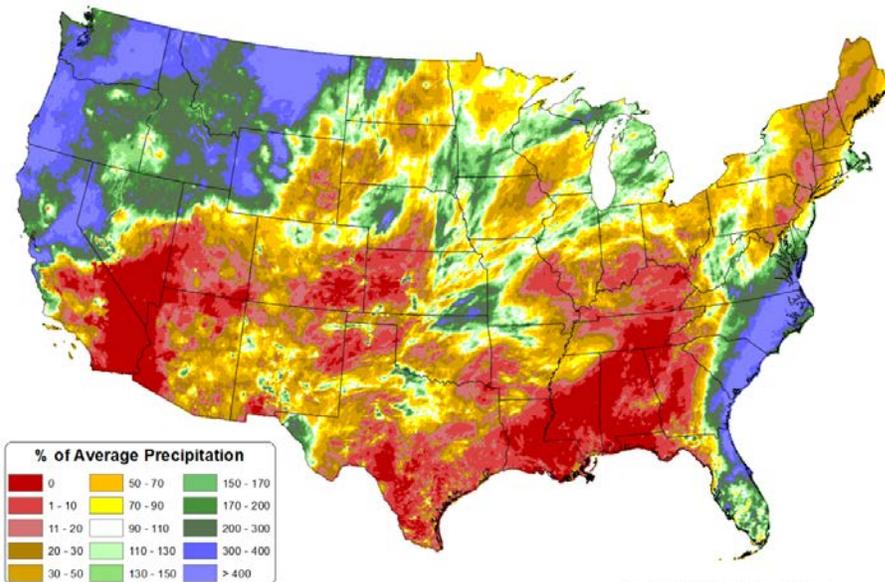
Generated 10/20/2016 at HPRCC using provisional data.

Regional Climate Centers

Month-to-date, All Available Data Including SNOTEL and NWS Networks

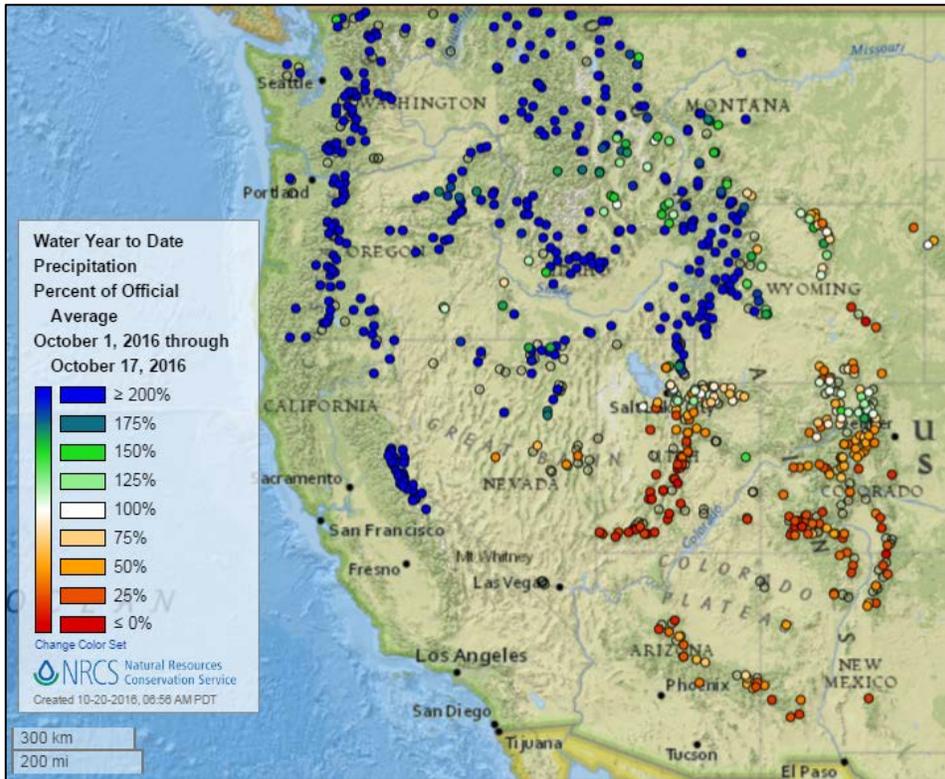
Source: PRISM

Total Precipitation Anomaly: 01 October 2016 - 19 October 2016
Period ending 7 AM EST 19 Oct 2016
Base period: 1981-2010
Map created 20 Oct 2016



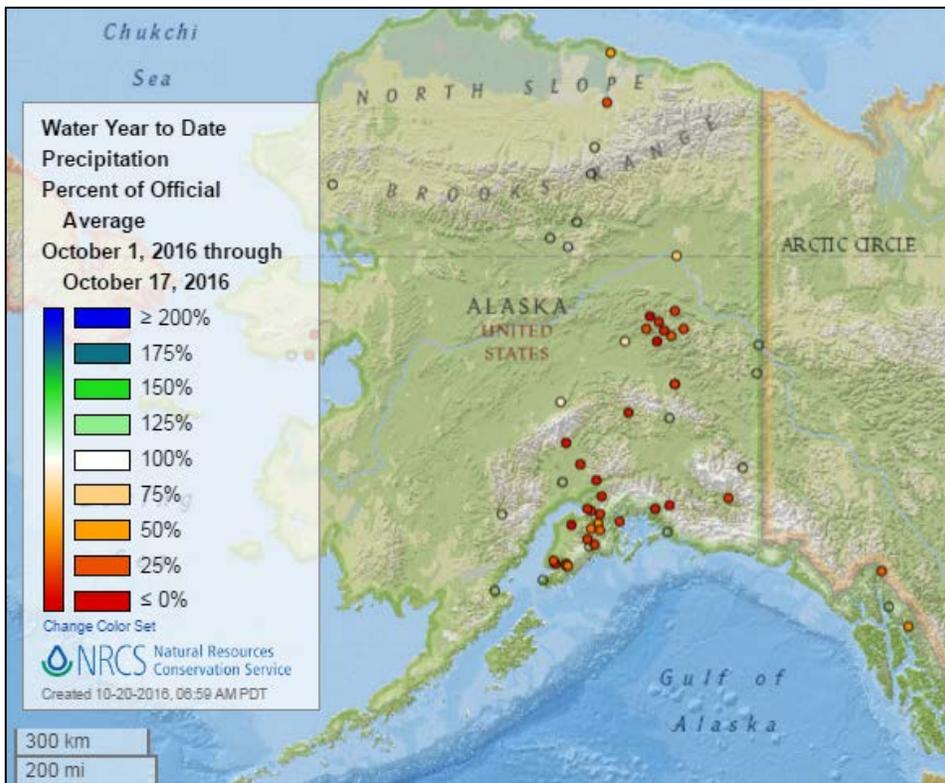
[Month-to-date national precipitation percent of average map](#)

Water Year-to-Date, Western Mountain Sites (NRCS SNOTEL Network)



[2017 water year-to-date precipitation percent of average map](#)

See also: [2017 water year-to-date precipitation values \(inches\)](#)



[Alaska 2017 water year-to-date precipitation percent of average map](#)

See also: [Alaska 2017 water year-to-date precipitation values \(inches\) map](#)

Temperature

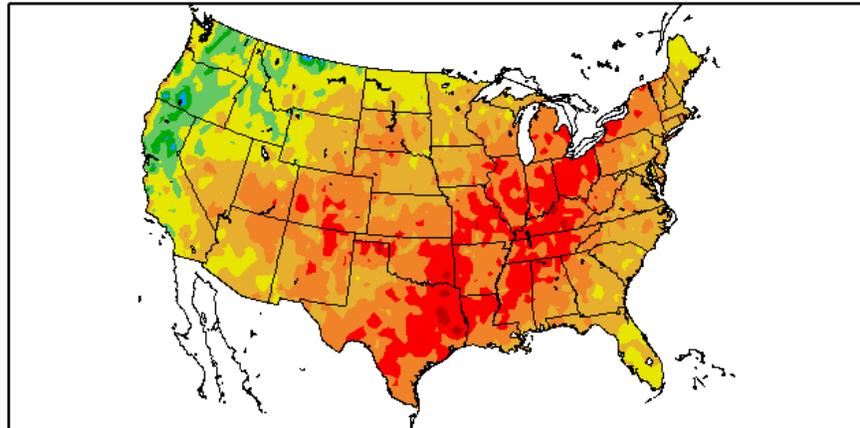
Last 7 Days, National Weather Service (NWS) Networks

Source: Regional Climate Centers

[7-day temperature anomaly map](#) for the continental U.S.

See also: [7-day temperature \(°F\) map](#)

Departure from Normal Temperature (F)
10/13/2016 – 10/19/2016



Generated 10/20/2016 at HPRCC using provisional data.

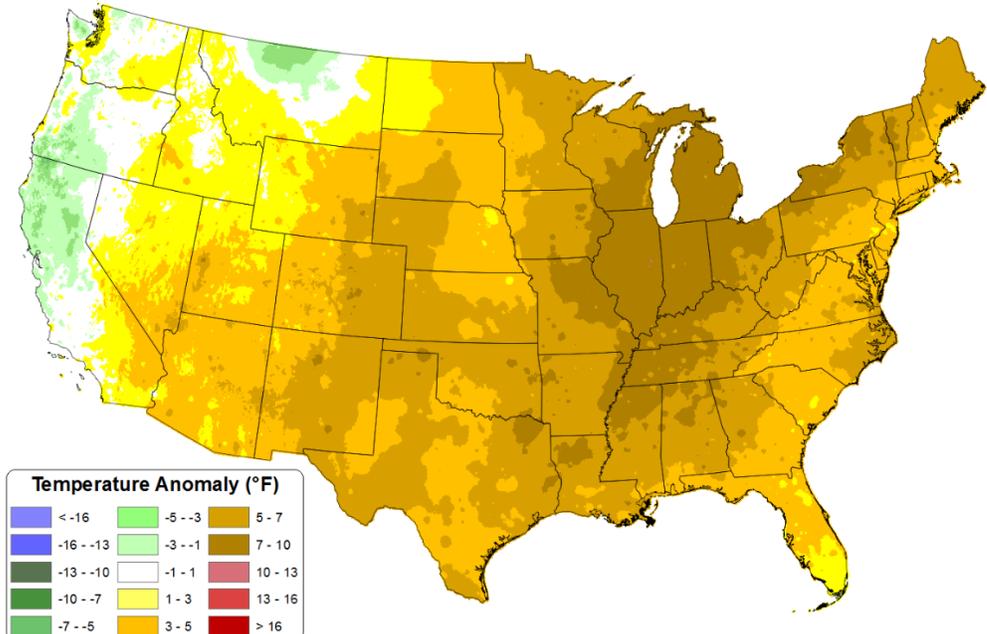
Regional Climate Centers

Month-to-date, All Available Data Including SNOTEL and NWS Networks

Source: PRISM

[Month-to-date national daily mean temperature anomaly map](#)

Daily Mean Temperature Anomaly: 01 October 2016 - 19 October 2016
Period ending 7 AM EST 19 Oct 2016
Base period: 1981-2010
(Map created 20 Oct 2016)



Copyright © 2016, PRISM Climate Group, Oregon State University

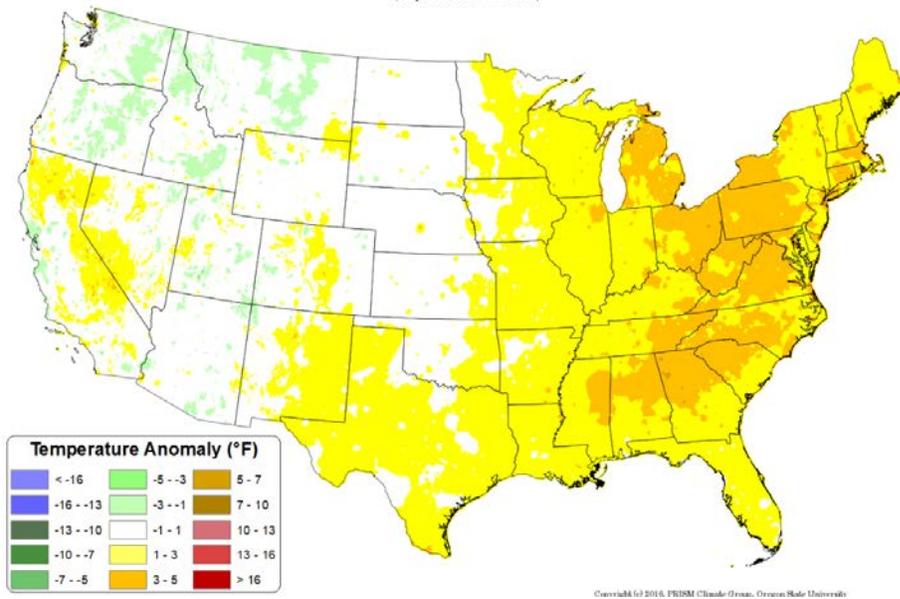
Water and Climate Update

Last 3 Months, All Available Data Including SNOTEL and NWS Networks

Source: PRISM

Daily Mean Temperature Anomaly: July 2016 - September 2016
Period ending 7 AM EST 30 Sep 2016
Base period: 1981-2010
(Map created 03 Oct 2016)

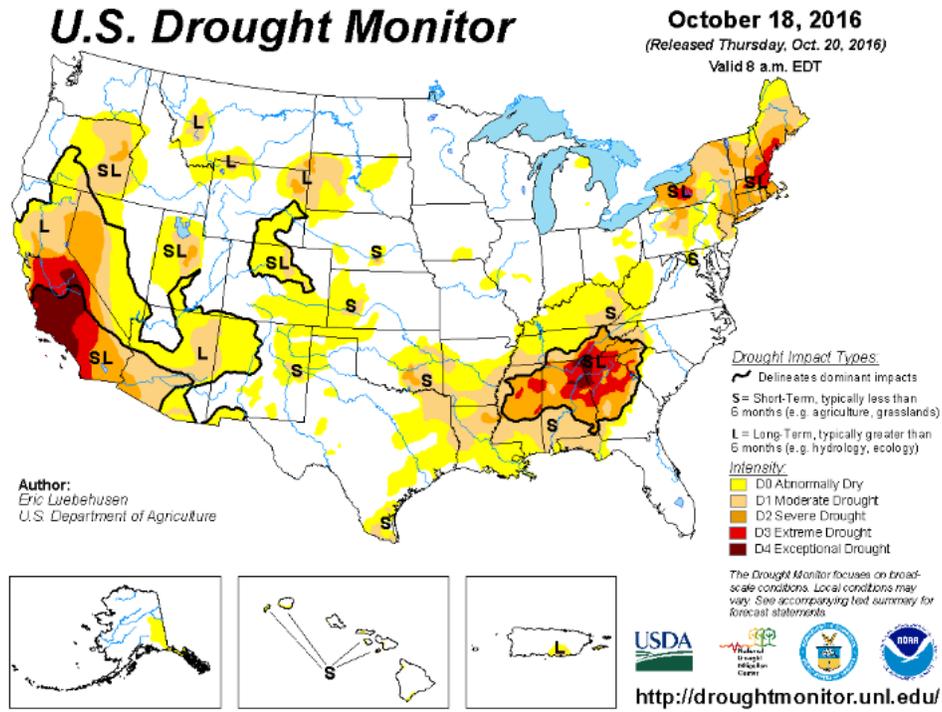
[July through September daily mean temperature anomaly map](#)



Drought

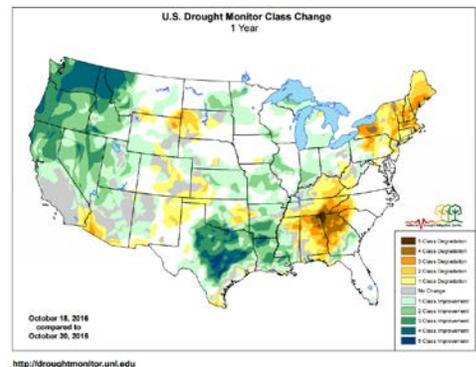
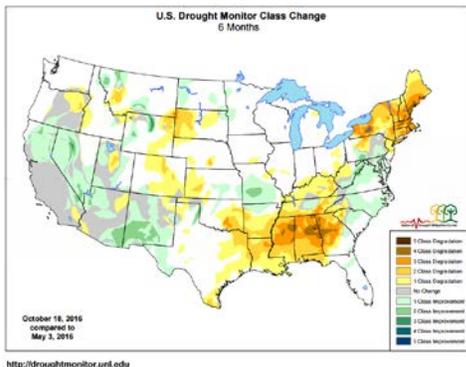
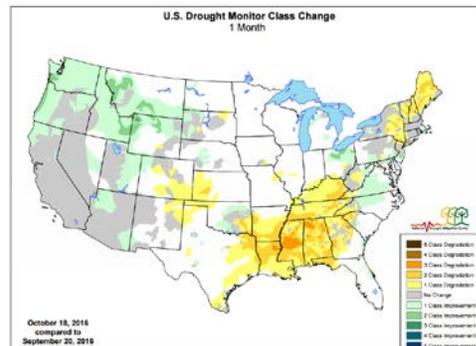
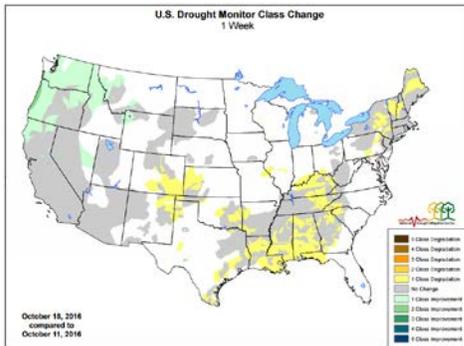
[U.S. Drought Monitor](#) See map below.

[U.S. Drought Portal](#) Comprehensive drought resource.



Changes in Drought Monitor Categories over Time

Click any map to enlarge



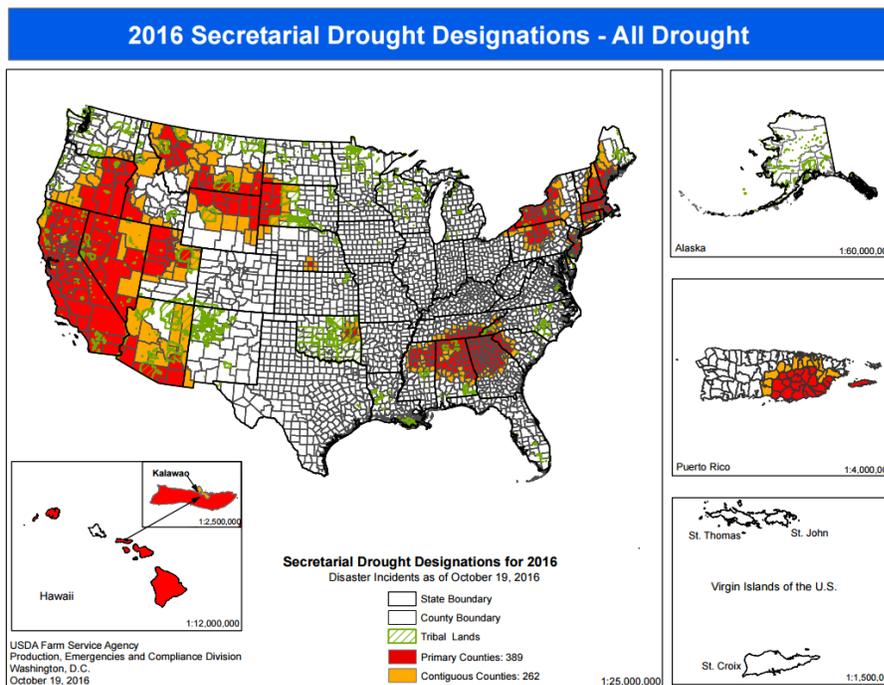
[Changes in drought conditions over the last 12 months](#)

Current National [Drought Summary](#), October 18, 2016

Author: Eric Luebehusen, U.S. Department of Agriculture

“Dry, hot conditions across the central and southern U.S. contrasted with heavy rain and mountain snow in the northwestern quarter of the nation. As a result, drought continued to rapidly intensify from the Delta to the Southeast, with drought intensification also noted over portions of the Northeast. Conversely, large swaths of drought were reduced or eliminated from the northern Rockies into the Pacific Northwest.”

USDA 2016 Secretarial [Drought Designations](#)

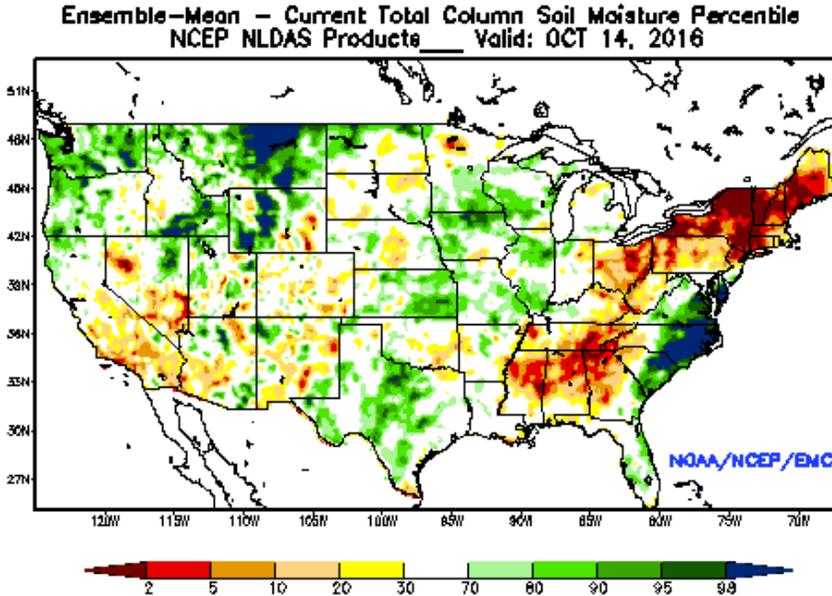


Highlighted Drought Resources

- [Drought Impact Reporter](#)
- [Quarterly Regional Climate Impacts and Outlook](#)
- [U.S. Drought Portal Indicators and Monitoring](#)
- [U.S. Population in Drought, Weekly Comparison](#)
- [USDA Disaster and Drought Information](#)

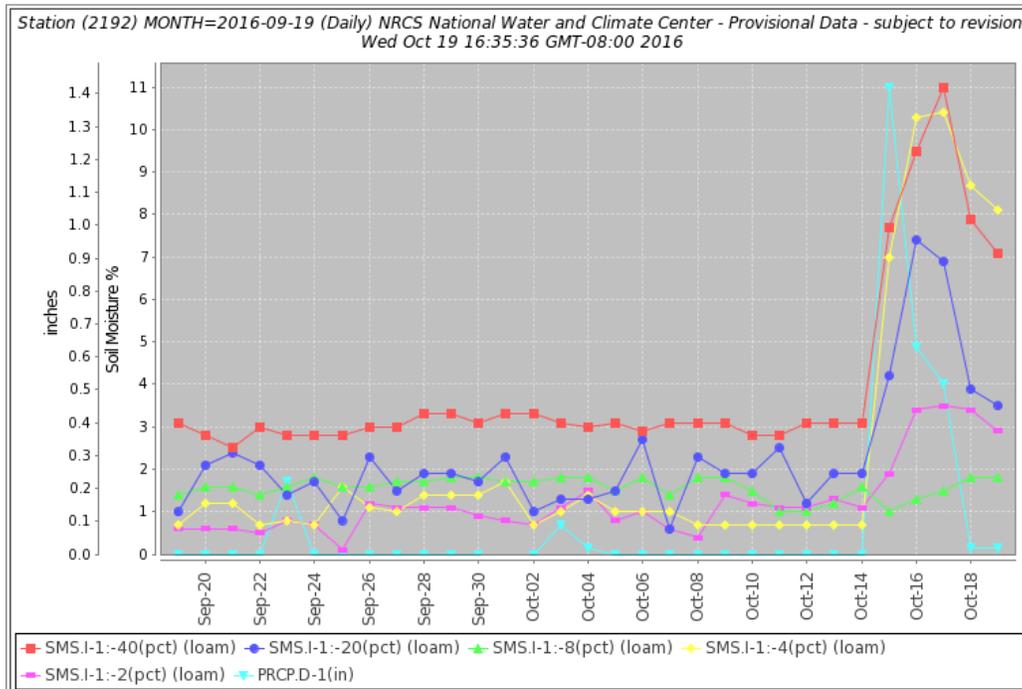
Other Climatic and Water Supply Indicators

Soil Moisture



[Modeled soil moisture percentiles](#) as of October 14, 2016.

Soil Moisture Data: NRCS [Soil Climate Analysis Network \(SCAN\)](#)



Soil moisture (at 2-, 4-, 8-, 20-, and 40-inch depths) and precipitation for the past 30 days at the [Eagle Lake SCAN site 2192](#) in California. Recent storms from Pacific typhoon remnants provided ample precipitation from October 15-17, creating a soil moisture increase in the very dry soils at all sensor depths.

Soil Moisture Data Portals

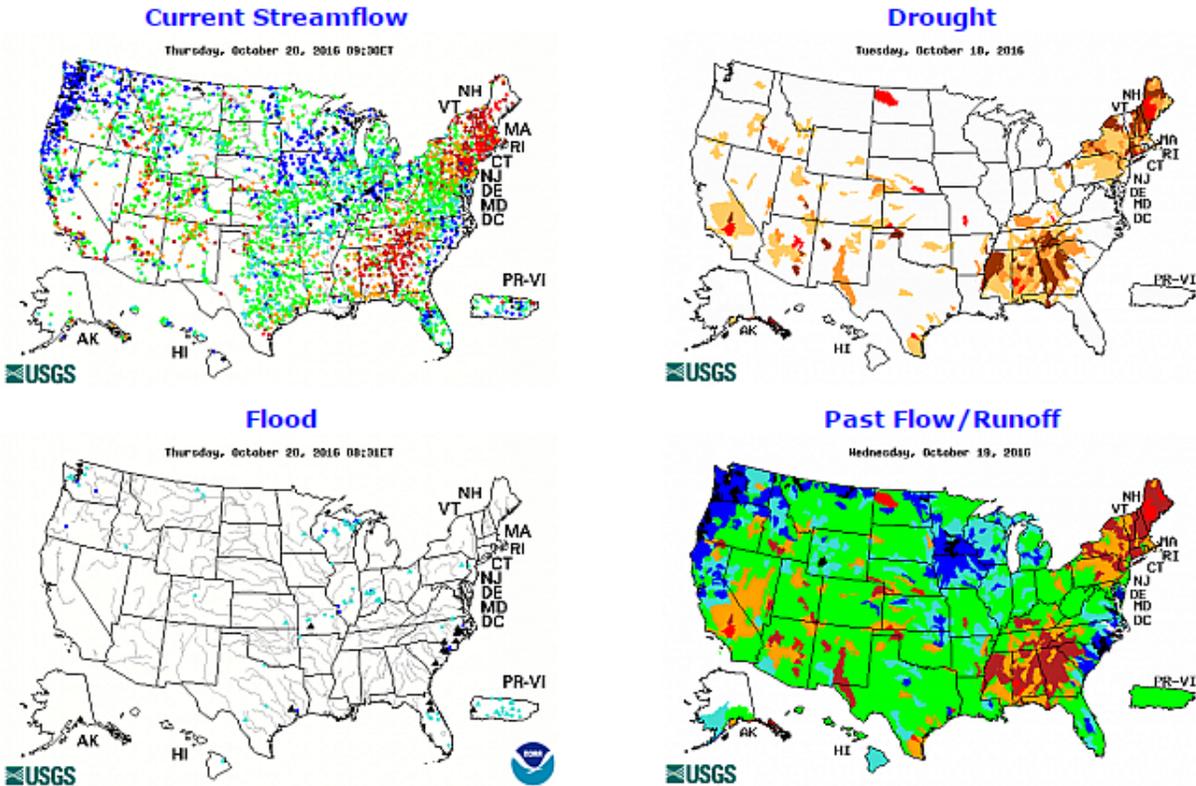
[CRN Soil Moisture](#)

[Texas A&M University North American Soil Moisture Database](#)

[University of Washington Experimental Modeled Soil Moisture](#)

Streamflow

Source: USGS



Click to enlarge and display legends

[Current streamflow maps](#)

Current Reservoir Storage

[National Water and Climate Center Reservoir Data](#)

U.S. Bureau of Reclamation Hydromet Tea Cup Reservoir Depictions:

[Upper Colorado](#)

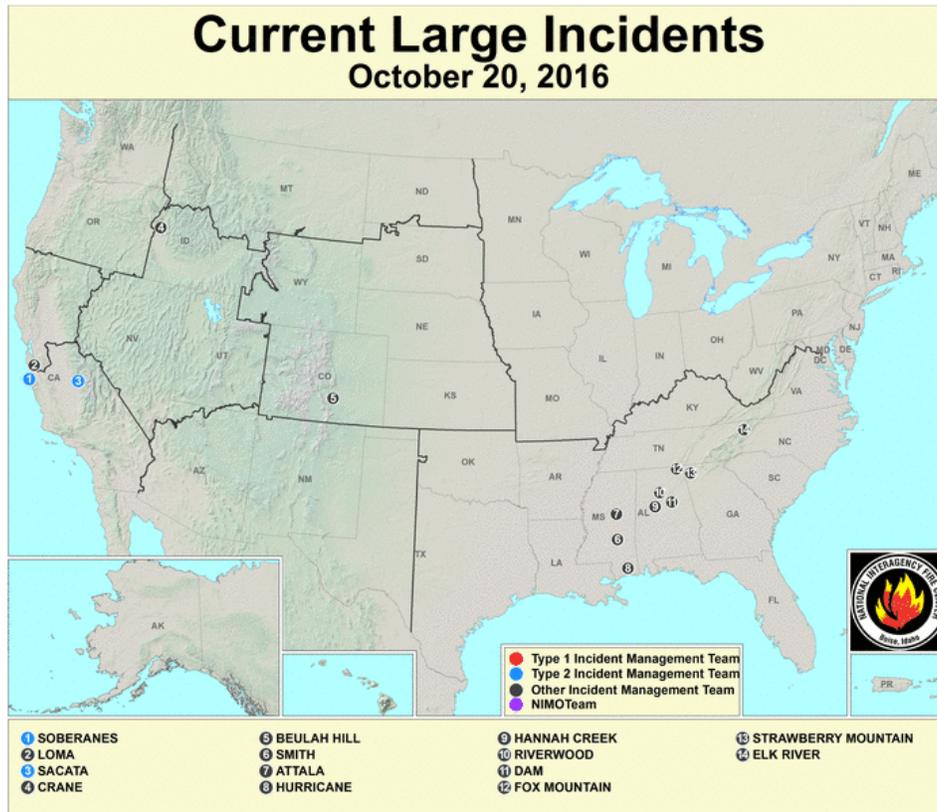
[Pacific Northwest/Snake/Columbia](#)

[Sevier River Water, Utah](#)

[Upper Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma, Texas](#)

[California Reservoir Conditions](#)

Wildfires: [USDA Forest Service Active Fire Mapping](#)



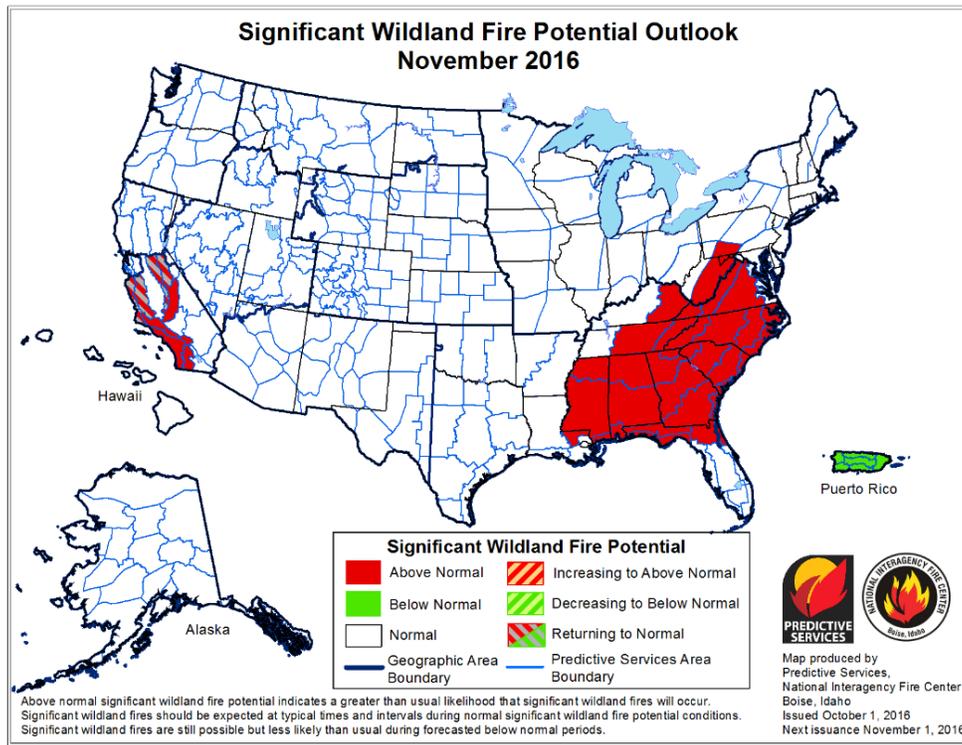
Short- and Long-Range Outlooks

Agricultural Weather Highlights

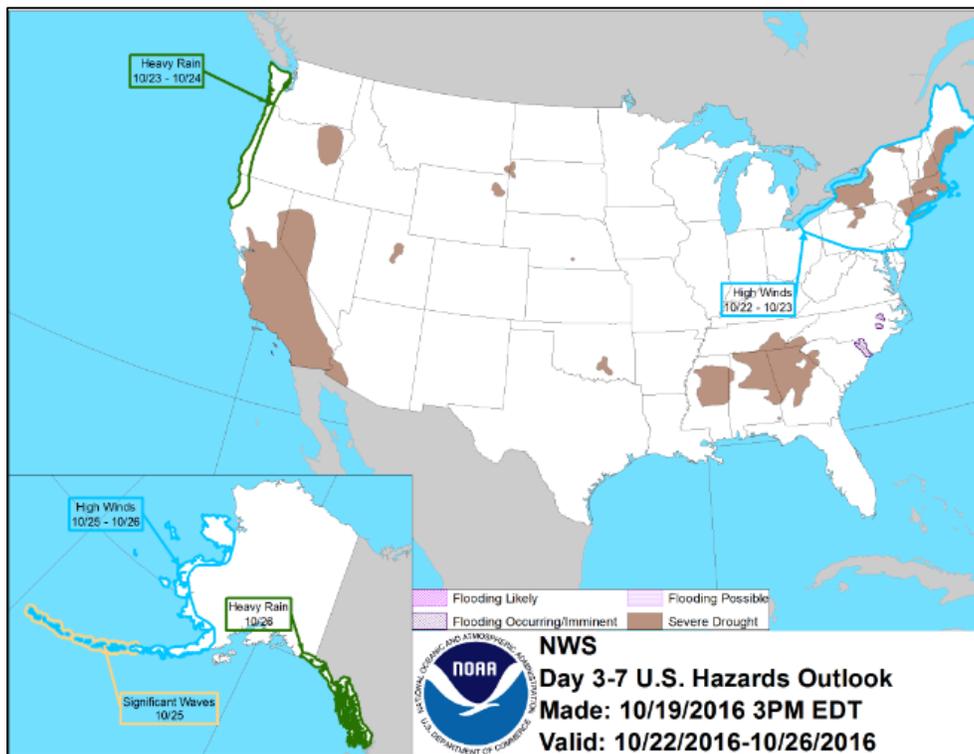
Author: Brad Rippey, Agricultural Meteorologist, USDA/OCE/WAOB

[National Outlook, October 19, 2016](#): “Later today, showers and thunderstorms should develop in the vicinity of a cold front from the Ohio Valley to the southeastern Plains. Locally heavy rain will shift into the lower Great Lakes region on Thursday and the Northeast on Friday. Storm-total rainfall could reach 1 to 2 inches in the Ohio Valley and 2 to 5 inches in the Northeast—especially near the Canadian border. Meanwhile, mild but showery weather will prevail in the Pacific Northwest, where 5-day totals could reach 2 to 5 inches. Most of the remainder of the country will remain dry, with cool air arriving in the East and warmth returning across much of the western and central U.S. by week’s end. The NWS 6- to 10-day outlook for October 24 - 28 calls for the likelihood of near- to above-normal temperatures nationwide, except for cooler-than-normal conditions in northern California and the Northeast. Meanwhile, below normal precipitation from the southern Plains into the eastern U.S. will contrast with wetter-than-normal weather in the western and north-central U.S.”

Fire Potential Outlook: [November 2016](#)



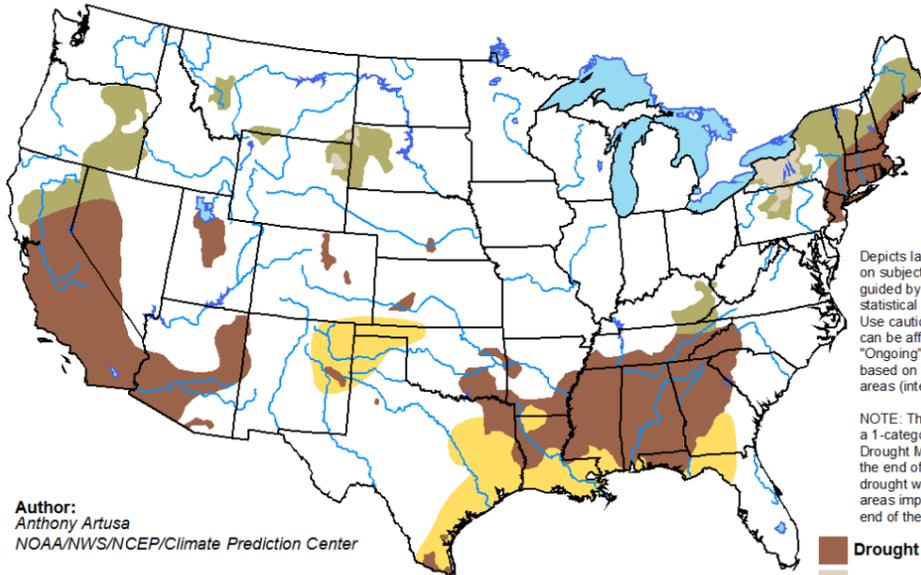
NWS Climate Prediction Center [Weather Hazard Outlook: October 22-26, 2016](#)



Seasonal Drought Outlook: [October 20, 2016 – January 31, 2017](#)

U.S. Seasonal Drought Outlook
Drought Tendency During the Valid Period

Valid for October 20 - January 31, 2017
Released October 20, 2016

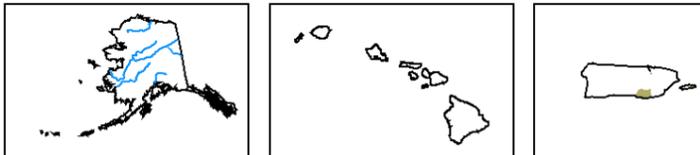


Depicts large-scale trends based on subjectively derived probabilities guided by short- and long-range statistical and dynamical forecasts. Use caution for applications that can be affected by short lived events. "Ongoing" drought areas are based on the U.S. Drought Monitor areas (intensities of D1 to D4).

NOTE: The tan areas imply at least a 1-category improvement in the Drought Monitor intensity levels by the end of the period, although drought will remain. The green areas imply drought removal by the end of the period (D0 or none).

Author:
Anthony Artusa
NOAA/NWS/NCEP/Climate Prediction Center

- Drought persists
- Drought remains but improves
- Drought removal likely
- Drought development likely

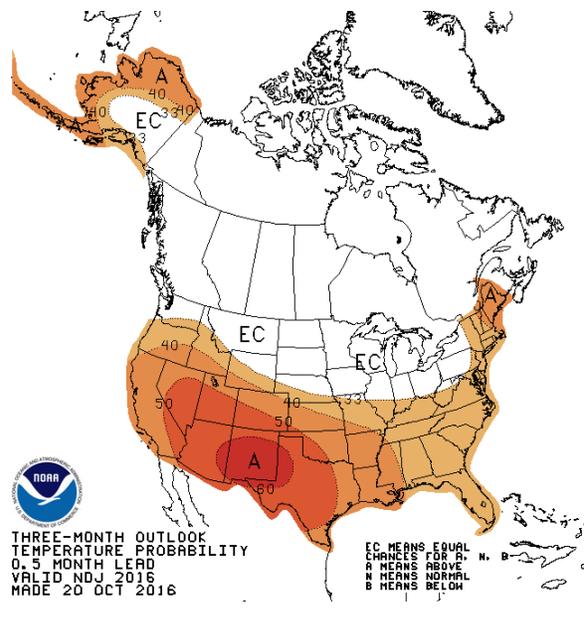
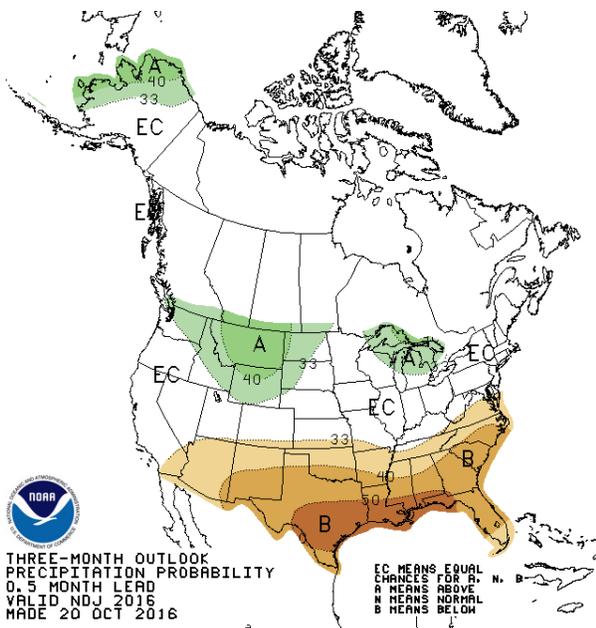


<http://go.usa.gov/3eZ73>

NWS Climate Prediction Center 3-Month Outlook

[Precipitation](#)

[Temperature](#)



[November-December-January \(NDJ\) 2016/2017 precipitation outlook summary](#)

[November-December-January \(NDJ\) 2016/2017 temperature outlook summary](#)

More Information

The NRCS [National Water and Climate Center](#) publishes this weekly report. We welcome your feedback. If you have questions or comments, please [contact us](#).